FOR FIVE DOLLARS
THE MORNING STAR
GOES ONE YEAR.
FROM $2.00 TO $3.00 CHEAPER
Than Other Dailies of its Class in North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., Second-class Mail Matter.

Fort Almanac—Dec. 7.

Sun Rises	6 56 A M
Sun Sets	4 46 P M
Day's Length	9 h 51 m
High Water at Southport	6 18 A M
High Water at Wilmington	7 53 A M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., Dec. 6.

Temperature, 8 a. m., 34°; 8 p. m., 45°. maximum, 50°; minimum, 34°; mean, 42°.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall since 1st of month up to date, .19.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

A storm area covers the lakes, with snow falling under it southeast to Pennsylvania. Fair weather prevails over all other sections. The barometer is highest over the Southeast Atlantic coast. Temperatures are rising slowly.

Local forecast to 12 midnight Tuesday: Fair, warmer, southerly winds.

Stage of river at Fayetteville at 8 a. m 5.1 inches.

OUTLINES

Gov. Atkinson, of Georgia, has decided to veto the anti-foot ball bill. —— Fire at the Reed phosphate works near Charleston, S. C., caused $60,000 damage; covered by insurance. —— The President's message was read in both Houses of Congress, after which announcement was made of deaths of members and both bodies adjourned for the day. —— The Secretary of War estimates the cost of the breakwater and engineering work for the proposed enlargement of the harbor of Cape Lookout, N. C., at $3 700,000. —— Two German cruisers reached Port-au-Prince, Hayti, and delivered an ultimatum to the Government, giving the latter eight hours in which to accede to demands. —— President McKinley left Washington last evening to return to the bedside of his mother at Canton, Ohio. —— Hon. W. J. Bryan has departed for Mexico, where he will remain four weeks. —— A Kingston, Ja., cablegram says serious trouble is imminent in Hayti. —— Disturbances in Bohemia still continue. —— Luetgert, on trial in Chicago for murdering his wife, has issued an appeal to the public for funds to defray the cost of his trial. —— At 10 30 o'clock last night Mrs. McKinley was exceedingly low; it was doubtful if she would survive the night. —— German marines and sailors have taken possession of the city of Kiao-Chau, China; the Chinese troops retreating as the Germans advanced. —— New York markets: Money on call easy at 1½@2 per cent., last loan 2 and closed offered at 1½@2 per cent.; cotton quiet—middling 5¾c; flour quiet and a shade lower to sell; wheat—spot easy; No. 2 red 97½c f. o. b. afloat, corn—spot steady, No. 2 33¾c f. o. b afloat; rosin firm; spirits turpentine steady at 32¾@33½c.

Hanna has closed up the Republican Central Committee business at Washington and will carry the remains in his hat.

Gen. Weyler can afford to put on style. It is said that he has amassed a fortune of $10,000,000 since he went into the Butcher business in Cuba.

Big fortunes shrink rapidly after the demise of their owners. The $35,000,000 of the late Dr. Evans, of Paris, have decreased to between $5,000,000 and $3,000,000.

An Ohio man has been sent to an insane asylum to get away from a devil that was chasing him. This shows that there are some small areas in Ohio where the devil is not pursuing somebody.

Coxey, of Ohio, has emerged from the wreck and has been heard from. He announces that he is coming South to lecture. Coxey has mistaken his fit. He should connect himself with some freak museum.

That Chicago banker who robbed his bank and lavished the money on his charming typewriter has gone to the penitentiary without her. She remains at large waiting for a job to typewrite and do some other soft.

The State capitol at Albany, N. Y., which was originally to have cost a few millions of dollars, has cost over $23,000,000, which is $5,000,000 more than the Capitol at Washington cost, and is not yet completed

They are building some pretty rapid sailing vessels these days. The barkentine Josephine recently made the run from Rio Janeiro to Baltimore, a distance of 4,820 miles, in twenty three days, which beats the average steamer.

It is said that the railroad mileage of Japan will be duplicated in the coming year and that much if not most of the rails, locomotives, cars, &c., will come from this country. They will need 300 more locomotives and 4,000 passenger and freight cars.

Kentucky has always something exciting on hand. It is now two girls who are contesting as to which shall break a bottle of something over the snoot of the battleship Kentucky. Secretary Herbert appointed one, and subsequently Governor Bradley appointed another—his daughter. Miss Richardson, whom Secretary Herbert appointed, claims precedence, and insists upon the bottle smashing honor. For the sake of peace it might be a good idea to let 'em both smash.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LXI.—NO. 66. WILMINGTON, N. C., TUESDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1897. WHOLE NO. 9,456

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
REDUCED TO $5.00.
BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER,
OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

Attention is called to the following REDUCED RATES of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR:

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Twelve Months	$5.00
Six "	2.50
Three "	1.25
Two "	1.00
One "	50

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

The lawyers of the bondsmen of ex Treasurer Bartley, of Nebraska, who stole $500,000 of the State's money, have struck on a unique plea to prevent the State from recovering from the bondsmen. Bartley was convicted and sentenced to twenty years in State prison. The lawyers claim that this makes him dead in law, that the State must proceed against him and his bondsmen jointly, and as the State cannot sue a dead man, the joint business can't come in and the bondsmen can't be sued, at least until the dead man comes to life again, twenty years hence.

Gov. Black, of New York, vetoed 500 bills passed by the last Legislature. Blacklisted them, as it were.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

F. T. MILLS—Horses and mules.
SAM'L BEAR, SR.—Just received.
S. W. SANDERS—Postum cereal.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. Duval French, of Lumberton, was here yesterday.

—Mr. R. W. Wallace, of Morehead City was here yesterday.

— Mr. P. A. Creech, of Spring Hope, arrived in the city last evening.

— Mrs. Florence R. Faucett, of Halifax, N. C., is visiting friends in the city.

— Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hogeland, of Verona, were among yesterday's hotel registrations.

— Miss Emma Witsell, of Charleston, S. C., is here on a visit to Miss Louise Corbett.

— Dr. A. R. Craven, of Whiteville, was here yesterday, returning from conference.

— Among yesterday's arrivals: G. W. Smith, Swansboro; A. E. Morton, Hubert; R. T. Brinkley, Bolton.

— Mr. S. F. Wallis, representing B. F. Johnson Publishing Company, of Richmond, has arrived in the city.

— Rev. Dr. Creasy will leave for his home in Winston, N. C., this morning, having been compelled to make his visit shorter than he first expected in order to accommodate two couples who are to launch out upon the sea of matrimony the present week.

Entertainment To Night at the City Hall.

To-night inaugurates the series of entertainments which the Young People's Organ Fund Society of Grace M. E Church will give for three consecutive evenings at the City Hall. The entertainment is entitled the "Doll's Bazaar," and many dolls and accompanying outfits which will gladden the hearts of the little ones on Christmas morn will be offered for sale. To-night a magnificent programme of spectacular features and music will be rendered, and will be known as the "Anvil Chorus." Refreshments will be served in artistically decorated booths. Admission ten cents.

A Fracas at the County Home.

Foreman Noble, of the County Home, tried to arrest Sunday afternoon a colored prisoner who had escaped from the Home two or three months ago. The negro drew a knife and Mr. Noble drew a pistol. Several colored bystanders went to the prisoner's defence, took the pistol from the white man, one of them striking him on the head with the weapon. Mr. Noble had plenty of grit, as is shown by the fact that he never gave up the struggle until he got his weapon back, though he failed in capturing his man. He hastened to Dr. McMillan's office to have his wound dressed.

Thieves at Work

To remove to another part of town doesn't guarantee immunity from the visits of chicken thieves. At least this has been the experience of Mr. F. E. Hasnagen, who lately removed to his handsome new house on the corner of Sixth and Orange streets, and whose hen house was relieved of every fowl last Friday night. And the thief has been putting in his work at other places in this vicinity. Rev. S. Mendelsohn has had his pantry robbed more than once, and a valuable guitar was stolen from the residence of Mr. Stephen Chadbourn a few days since.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cent

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always advance.

Railroad War Ended.

The Baltimore *Sun* of yesterday says: "The controversy between the Southern Railway and the Seaboard Air Line has been settled, it is unofficially announced, on a basis satisfactory to both sides, and that the war of rates between the two systems will soon come to an end."

LOCAL DOTS

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— The Board of Managers of the Produce Exchange will meet at noon today.

— The Board of Audit and Finance will meet this afternoon at 3 30 o'clock.

— The STAR learns that Mr. Josh T. James will revive the *Daily Review* at an early day.

— Fields and Hanson's Minstrels showed at the Opera House last night to a small audience.

—The yacht *Republic* cleared from this port yesterday for New York in tow of the tug *Edgar Luckenbach*.

— The regular monthly meeting of the Chamber of Commerce will be held at 8 30 o'clock this afternoon.

— Mr. DuBrutz Cutlar, Jr., has returned from Marion, N. C., and reports his father's condition as only slightly improved.

— Larry Davis, one of the oldest colored men, and probably one of the most well-liked, died at the County Home yesterday of paralysis.

— The contribution list to obtain an oil painting of the late Mr. David G. Worth to adorn the walls of the Produce Exchange, can be found at the Exchange during the next two days.

— Gus Hill, colored, was before Justice McGowan yesterday, charged with making away with mortgaged property, but was adjudged not guilty ann discharged, and the prosecutor was taxed with the costs of the action.

— The steamship *Croatan* which was reported in the STAR Sunday as having cleared the day before, went only seven or eight miles down the river when she returned to the city to escape the storm of Saturday night. She cleared again yesterday.

— Interest in foot ball circles in this city is now centered around the proposed game on Christmas. Energetic efforts are striving to arrange for a game on that day, and, no doubt, the much desired event will be announced shortly as a certain happening.

— The case against Jno. Swindell, the negro boy arrested Saturday by the police charged with being implicated in the lacesy of two ladies' cloaks (as told in the STAR), came up for trial in the Police Court yesterday, but was left open for futher investigation.

— At the regular monthly meeting of the O. A. N. Society last night, Mr. R. H. Gwaltney was elected a member, and Mr. J. Dawson Latham was elected captain of the foot ball team. A committee was appointed to see if a battle on the gridiron couldn't be arranged with the Coast Line boys.

— A colored man, whose name could not be learned, struck a young white man named Udley over the head with a board last night about 10 o'clock in the vicinity of Fifth and Castle streets. The blow was delivered in a fracas, the particulars of which were not learned. The injured man was taken to Dr. Stokes' drug store for treatment.

Chief Schnibben in Atlanta.

The Atlanta *Constitution* says of Chief Schnibben's arrival in Atlanta:

Chief Charles Schnibben, of the new fire department of Wilmington, N. C., arrived in Atlanta yesterday morning and was received by Chief Joyner, of the Atlanta fire department.

Chief Schnibben comes for the purpose of receiving a training in the methods used by the Atlanta fire department under Chief Joyner. While he is here Assistant Chief Haney, of the Atlanta department, is in Wilmington training the men there.

It is the intention of the city authorities of Wilmington to have their fire department as nearly like Atlanta's as is possible, and for this reason their chief has been sent here to work with the men here and watch the manner in which Chief Joyner handles a fire.

Chief Schnibben has been given a place on the hook and ladder truck at fire headquarters and will work with the company as if he were a fireman. He will answer all alarms and fight fire with the rest of them. In this manner he will gain practical experience in the matter of fighting fires and will obtain the experience of the members of one of the best fire departments in this country.

Chief Schnibben is a genial gentleman and is greatly liked by the members of the fire deparment. It is expected that in the course of the next ten days he will be ready to go to Wilmington and take charge of his men. He will find that Assistant Chief Haney has done good work in his absence and his firemen will be well trained themselves.

Officers of Stonewall Lodge K. of P.

Stonewall Lodge No. 1, Knights of Pythias, in meeting assembled last night, elected the following officers:

M. of W.—W. C. Smith.
C. C.—J. R. Turrentine, Jr.
V. C.—M. S. Willard.
Prelate—J. R. Hanby.
K. of R. S.—W. F. Robertson.
M. of F.—D. F. Barnes.
M. of E.—H. J. Bierman.
M. at A.—G. A. Peterson.
O. G—J. M. Holmes.
I. G.—E. H. Batson.

The above officers will be installed on the first meeting night in next month.

After the meeting last night, which was largely attended, cigars were passed around and those present indulged in a social smoke.

Left Yesterday for Annapolis.

Rev. Joseph N. Starr, for several weeks rector of St. Paul's Episcopal church, this city, left yesterday morning on the 9.35 o'clock Atlantic Coast Line train for Annapolis, Md., where he goes to become assistant rector of St. Ann's church of that place (as told in the STAR). Rev. Mr. Starr preached his farewell sermon in St. Paul's church Sunday, and informed the congregation of that church of his acceptance of the call tendered him to become assistant rector of St. Ann's church, and spoke in a feeling manner of his departure.

DIED SUNDAY NIGHT.

M. L. L. Millard, of Wallace, Passes to His Reward.

His many friends of this city and elsewhere will hear with sorrow of the death of Mr. L. L. Mallard, of Wallace, Duplin county, which occurred at his home about 10 o'clock Sunday night.

He was a man of rare business capacity, and was universally admired for his many noble qualities of both mind and heart. Genial and frank in his manners, and sincere in his devotions, he was loved and respected by all who knew him, and his death will be felt as a personal loss to the entire community.

He was born in Kenansville, Duplin county, August 6th, 1853. He was married twice—first to Miss Ella Blount, daughter of Dr. J. W. Blount, of Kenansville, by whom he had one daughter, Miss Mary Henry Mallard. His second wife, a sister of his first, was Miss Davis Blount. Two children blessed this union—a daughter, Ella, and an infant son.

Four brothers and two sisters survive him—Mr. J. H. Mallard, of Wilmington Mr. Oscar Mallard, of Winston; Mr. Thad Mallard, of Duplin county, and Mr. J. D. Mallard, formerly of Wilmington, now residing in Charlotte; Mrs. J. J. Bowden, of Kenansville, and Miss Julia Mallard, of Wallace. His wife and three children also survive him.

He was a member of Good Will Lodge No 193 I. O. O. F., of Wallace, and had been a member of Clarendon Lodge No. 9, K. of P., of this city. He has been for a number of years an elder in the Presbyterian church of Wallace, from which church he will be buried to-day at 12 m., Rev. P. McIntyre, of Faison, N. C., officiating.

Mr. J. D. Mallard, of Charlotte, was here yesterday on his way to Wallace to attend the funeral.

ON A BIKE FROM BALTIMORE.

Arrival of Mr. W. E. Smith—Riding the Boundaries of the United States on a Wager.

Mr. W. E Smith, of Baltimore, Md., arrived in this city about noon Sunday riding a bicycle. Mr. Smith is boundling the United States on his bike to carry out a wager made about a month ago. He started from Baltimore on the 22nd of last month without a cent of money, according to the wager, and arrived here Sunday, having ridden his bike every day since that time except two days he lost having his bicycle repaired, having suffered a break down along the road. Mr. Smith will rest in this city several days, then he will ride to Charleston and touch the Atlantic coast, the first boundary. He will touch the Gulf of Mexico coast at New Orleans, La.; the Pacific coast at San Francisco, and he has not decided where he will touch the Canada line. Three complete outfits of clothes, two guns, with plenty of cartridges, a riding wheelman's road guide and a bicycle, the entire weight of the articles being fifty pounds, is all Mr. Smith is allowed to possess, excepting what money he obtains along the route for services rendered. The "boundary rider" expects to return to Baltimore, having fulfilled the terms of the wager, in about a year.

Sunday's Services at Grace Church.

Every seat in the auditorium of Grace M. E. church was occupied last Sunday morning by the throng of persons who had congregated to listen to the earnest discourse of Rev. Dr. Creasy, founded upon the text. "These are they which came out of great tribulation, and have washed their robes and made them white in the blood of the Lamb."

At night it became necessary, in order to accommodate the immense congregation, after filling every seat in the auditorium and placing chairs and seats in the aisles, to throw open the lecture room for the accommodation of about 250 persons who were unable to procure seats in the main building. The doctor preached to the young people—a number of them being present—from the words, "Wherewithal shall a young man cleanse his way? By taking heed thereto according to thy word." And never in such a vast assemblage was there better order or more attention given the speaker.

It was a grand day for Grace church, and after an absence of six years exhibited the strong and abiding attachment the people have for their former pastor and friend.

FOOT BALL GAME.

Junior Teams of the O. A. N. and A. C. L. Clubs.

The juvenile chasers of the pig-skin in this city are doing their best to make foot ball stock rise. Yesterday at the O. A. N. Athletic park the O. A. N. No. 2 eleven and the Atlantic Coast Line No. 2 eleven battled for victory on the gridiron, and fate wasn't as gracious to the latter as it was in the struggle about a week ago, for the boys of the former team won by a score of 14 to 0—three touch-downs and a goal, kicked by Lewis Davis.

The teams faced each other as follows:

O. A. N. NO. 2.		A. C. L. NO. 2.
Reinstein	c	Gaylord
Yopp	r. g.	Hancock
Smith	l. g.	VonGlahn
Bellamy	r. t.	Banck, W
Crow	l. t.	Banck, F
Holmes	r. e.	Galloway
Armstrong	l. e.	Emerson, W
Myers	q. b.	King
Peck	r. h. b.	Emerson, H capt
Davis, P.	l. h. b.	Schulken
Davis, L capt.	f. b.	Clowe

Umpire, Edwin Moore; referee, Clifford Hopkins; linesmen, Geo. Parsley; time keeper, Russell Foster. Star playing—Peck, Davis (P) Davis (L) Galloway, Armstrong, Schulken, Emerson (H.) and Clowe.

Account Mardi Gras, New Orleans, La., February 23nd, 1898, the Seaboard Air Line will put round trip tickets on sale at Wilmington to New Orleans at rate of $18 60 for the round trip. Tickets on sale Feoruary 19th, 20th and 21st; limited to March 9, 1898 for return. Passengers leave Wilmington 8 30 p. m., arriving New Orleans the next afternoon at 8.10.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.

Proceedings of the Meeting Held Yesterday—Col. Foster Re-elected Chairman—Reports Received—Jurors for the Superior and Criminal Courts.

The Board of County Commissioners met yesterday afternoon at 2 30 o'clock, with Chairman Foster and Commissioners Alexander, Dempsey and Nixon present.

Col. F. W. Foster, on motion of Commissioner Nixon, was unanimously re-elected chairman for the ensuing fiscal year.

Col. Foster stated that he was not able to make his annual report in full, but could state in a general way what had been done. Extensive improvements had been made at the county home, jail and city hospital, and the office of the county physician had been provided with a stove and other furniture. The chairman decided further that he had issued warrants for $14,075 to pay off the county's floating debt to the last cent, and that there was still money enough to run the county another year, and this with a levy of 32 cents against 47 cents last year. The opinion was expressed later in the meeting that the assessment would be still farther reduced and that one of the results would be an influx of manufacturing concerns.

A. E. McKeithan, of Rocky Mount, through error charged with poll tax in this county, was relieved of the same. Mistake in assessment of property of Mr. J. S. Sneeden, was referred to the County Attorney. Petition for reduction of assessment on Adrian property, corner of Front and Dock, was referred to the chairman with power to act.

Aaron Shepherd, Berkeley Williams and Jno. Ashley, all colored, were relieved of poll tax on account of physical disabilities. Petition of Mr. R. H. McKoy that error in assessment be corrected, was referred to the County Attorney.

Dr. W. D. McMillan, County Superintendent of Health, presented his report, which showed that in December he had treated 214 office patients in the health office and made eighty-nine visits to sixty patients at their homes. The report reviewed at some length the condition of the jail and County Home, speaking in the main in a commendatory way. The discipline at the County Home, however, Dr. McMillan said, was too slack, and he advised that prisoners be locked up at night. It was ordered, upon his suggestion, that a roll call be had twice a day. A resolution was passed empowering him to draw up a set of rules and regulations for the Home, and have them posted there.

The annual report of C. W. Norwood, Register of Deeds, showed that he had issued from December 1st, 1896, to December 1st, 1897, 394 marriage licenses. According to his monthly report, eighteen were issued in November.

Col. Jno. D. Taylor's monthly report recited that he had collected for the school fund $35 for a charter issued to the Merchants' and Farmers' Transportation Co. His annual report was an itemized statement of all the public moneys in his charge. The amount is $2,617 21.

The bonds of all the county officers were examined, and as it appeared that the security had not been impaired or become insufficient, it was decided that there was no necessity for them to be renewed.

A petition from Pender county asking for half of the Schedule B tax paid in to the New Hanover county treasury by Mr. Samuel Blossom on a ferry over Northeast river, was not granted.

Mr. W. M. Hansley was appointed a special surveyor to run off some land for Mr. D. G. Westbrook.

At this point the county attorney stated that the Supreme Court had decided that the Clerk of the Superior Court had no right to charge more than ten cents for filing all the papers in any case. Heretofore the charge has been 10 cents for each paper.

The following citizens were drawn to serve as jurors at the Superior Court which convenes January 24th, viz:

First week—Thos. Emett, Thos. E. Starkey, R. F. Gore, Jno. W. Lewis, Lewis Gordon, J. R. Williams, Jas. English, W. G. T. Keen, Gaston Hicks, H. L. Deans, Peter J. Smith, F. E Hasbagen, B. H. Scott, J. W. Norwood, Wm. Sheehan, Jr., W. C. Parker, E. W. Rodgers, W. D. George.

Second week—McLain Loftin, Robt. Dosher, Geo. French, Wm. Turley, A. Carpenter, Owen McKinney, Henry C. Green, B. J. Kulken, T. A. McKenzie, J. B. Hand, E Van Laer, M. G. Chadwick, Rufus G. Holmes, Frank McKoy, Jas. Berg, Charles Carter, W. J. Clemmons, G. W. Watters.

Jurors for the Criminal Court, which convenes the first Monday in January, were drawn as follows:

C. H. Keen, J. V. Grainger, Benj. Jennings, E. P. H. Strunck, W. H. Kelly, J. D. Smeljes, W. J. Kellogg, D. S. Bender, Jas. Eder, J. A. Oldham, A. S. Heide, B. F. Penny, Randal Allen, C. F. Von Kampen, T. W. Wood, LaFayette Gay, R. W. Merritt, T. Donlan, John H. Hanby, Joseph Harriss, S. D. Strickland, Wm. C. Smith, John F. Ruffs, Jr., J. C Munds, Charles Foard, S. A. Bilbro, W. L. Harlowe, D. L. Fillyaw, C. J. Mitchell, I. Shrier, Wm. Piner James Wood, Jas. A. Lewis, A. C. Strickland, A. C. Penton, D. L. Gore.

The Board took a recess until 9.30 p. m. Dec. 18.

The Silver Heels.

The schooner *Silver Heels*, Capt. Quinlan, arrived in port yesterday from New York. She has 100 tons of coal—about half a cargo—consigned to master. She is the vessel that was reported to have sailed from New York on the night of October 16, with a cargo of arms and ammunition for the Cuban insurgents. The Custom House officers boarded her on her arrival here, but without finding anything suspicious. She will probably load lumber after discharging her cargo of coal.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

Proceedings of Regular Monthly Meeting—The Mayor Refuses to Consider Demand of Democratic Members Who Claim Seats to Which They Are Declared Entitled by the Supreme Court.

The Board of Aldermen met in regular monthly session last night at 8 o'clock, Mayor Wright presiding and Aldermen Twining, Gore, Keith, Hewlett, Benson, Morrill, Norwood, Walker and Green.

The minutes of the last regular meeting and of two called meetings during the month of November were read and approved, and the reports of the different standing committees called for.

Alderman Keith, of the Light Committee, asked for further time to investigate the alleged non-burning of the oil lamps at night in the suburbs.

Dr. W. D. McMillan, superintendent of health, complained that owing to the establishmet of the paid fire department there was not as many carts to do service on the streets as before. Mayor Wright stated that the trouble would be at once remedied, as several extra carts were going to be added to the number now in service.

Alderman Keith, of the Water Works Committee, reported that satisfactory arrangements had been perfected with the Clarendon Water Works Company by which citizens were to be supplied with pure artesian well water free, and consequently the plan of the city having an artesian well drilled had been abandoned.

Alderman Morrill made motion that a plank crossing be placed at the intersection of Fifth and Grace streets, but the motion was lost, as it was stated that a good crossing had been placed at the intersection of Fourth and Grace streets, a square off.

Alderman Keith, member of the special committee appointed at the last meeting, which was a called one, to draft suitable resolutions thanking and commending the volunteer fire department for its past valuable service, in a few well selected and appropriate remarks introduced the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted, viz:

WHEREAS, The volunteer fire department of Wilmington, N. C., have been as efficient and gallant a set of patriotic men as ever graced our city; and whereas, they have done more and better service without any compensation for the city than any set of people; and whereas, the insurance companies, guided by their rules, and not making an exception in favor of our fine volunteer fire department, threatened to increase the present rates of insurance, unless the city would organize a paid department which would give our city a more complete protection than even the very best volunteer department could possibly afford to render, and

WHEREAS, The Board of Aldermen, in order to protect the tax payers and fulfill their duty, yielding to the reasons mentioned above, have decided to relieve the volunteer fire department of their burdensome and perilous service, by substituting a paid fire department; be it, therefore,

Resolved, That the Board of Aldermen voice the sentiment of the people and express their utmost gratitude to the volunteer fire department, and especially to those who remained at their post to the last hour of trial, for their service hitherto so nobly rendered; be it also

Resolved, That our gratitude and appreciation be openly expressed in order to do honor to our noble sons, to the memory of those who are dead as well as to those who are living, who often have risked their lives for the safety of our city. Be it further

Resolved, That this, our expression of gratitude, be entered in the minutes of this board so that the history of the deeds of the volunteer fire department of Wilmington, N. C., may live as long as our city by the sea. Be it further

Resolved, That all the daily papers of our city be requested to publish the above preamble and resolutions.

B. F. KEITH
H. C. TWINING,
ANDREW WALKER,
Committee.

Mayor Wright stated that the paid fire department had been established and was now in effect; that Assistant Chief Haney, of Atlanta, was in charge in the absence of Chief Schnibben, who was now in Atlanta being instructed in the various modes of a paid department.

Alderman Hewlett, of the Ordinance Committee, introduced an amendment to article 5, section 14, of the Market Ordinance, which was adopted. As the ordinance before stood no resident of the city was allowed to huckster from any stand directly outside the different market houses, and the amendment prohibits huckstering not only from any stand but from any cart, wagon or dray directly outside the market houses. This ordinance protects the countrymen.

Permission was granted E. C. Woodbury to sell fresh meats, corner of Fourth and Harnett, and to E. G. Bonitz to sell beef and fresh meats at No. 904 North Fourth street.

Aldeman Gore opposed granting permission to parties outside the market houses to sell fresh meats, and voted in the negative upon both the applications made.

A bill of Mr. Geo. Honnett, jeweler, for $58.88 for winding and keeping the city clock in the First Presbyterian church in good repair for seven months was referred to the Finance Committee.

On motion of Alderman Gore, it was decided to offer the care of the city clock to the lowest bidder; bids to be called for.

A request from Mr. W. F. Robertson, superintendent of the Clarenden Water Works Company, that the company be allowed to lay a service on Market street, between Ninth and Tenth, in front of a house to be erected by J. W. Barnes, was referred to the Streets and Wharves Committee.

A communication from the Board of Audit and Finance, in regard to the adoption of a paid fire department and the appropriation granted (as told in the STAR) was read.

Application of Mr. Louis Gordon, to be appointed a policeman, was referred to the Police Committee, and an application from E J Dale to be appointed a member of the street force, was referred to the Street and Wharf Committee.

The report of Dr. W. D. McMillan, Superintendent of Health (as published in the STAR in the proceedings of the Board of Health) was read and ordered filed.

The report of Chief of Fire Department Chas Schnibben for the month of November, showing that during that time there were twelve fire alarms, two of which were false alarms, was read and ordered filed.

The monthly report (November) of City Clerk and Treasurer F. B. Rice was read and ordered filed. The report showed balance last return, $18,056.89; receipts, $12,019 91; disbursements, $9,775 03; on hand, $15 801.97.

Permission to build was granted J. D. Doscher, F. G Punke, Thos. H. Wright, J D Steljes, G. M. Summerill and Frank Lamb.

Aldermen Wm. E Springer, Walter E Yopp and Owen Fennell, the three Democratic aldermen elected last March under the act of the Legislature under which the Board of Aldermen is constituted, appeared before the Board, accompanied by their counsel, Frank Mc Neill, Esq., and Herbert McClammy, Esq. Herbert McClammy, Esq., addressed the Board as follows:

"We present Messrs. Wm. E. Springer, Owen Fennell and Walter E. Yopp as duly elected aldermen from the Second, Third and Fourth wards, respectively, who contested the right of the act of the last Legislature empowering the Governor to appoint five aldermen, but the Supreme Court decided that the Governor did have the right to make the appointments. During litigation of the contest these aldermen claimed that they, together with Aldermen Green and Walker (both colored), were the legal Board of Aldermen. We see by action of the Board, previous or subsequent to the decision of the Supreme Court, that the offices these three Aldermen hold have been declared vacant, and two of the offices filled. We are here to demand the offices of Aldermen Springer, Fennell and Yopp."

Mayor Wright stated that Aldermen Springer, Fennell and Yopp had been notified frequently to meet the Board, which they had failed to do, and the offices had been declared vacant; that two of the offices had been filled and the remaining one would be.

Messrs. Springer, Fennell, Yopp, McNeill and McClammy then left the meeting.

Mr. Jno. F. Garrell appeared before the Board about the closing up of his private market on Castle street, between Fourth and Fifth. Mr. Garrell said he had been put to a large expense in renting the market and having it fixed up, and that he had paid the license tax of $100. On motion of Alderman Hewlett, the $100 license tax Mr. Garrell had paid was ordered returned at once, which Treasurer Rice did, and the market was ordered closed.

On motion the meeting adjourned.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Postum Cereal.

A toothsome and healthful beverage. Looks like ground coffee. When brewed it takes the beautiful deep seal brown color of Mocha and Java, changing to a rich golden brown when cream is added. An honest product of the healthful grains given by all wise nature for man's proper sustenance. It nourishes, strengthens and vitalizes.

For sale at the

UNLUCKY CORNER.

de 7 tf

Just Received

100 Barrels Choice

New River Roe Mullets.

100 Bags Coffee, all grades.

For sale at rock bottom prices.

Send your orders to

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,

12 Market St., Wilmington, N. C.

no 21 tf

Horses and Mules

25 Head of Horses.

25 Head of Mules.

Just received.

Call and examine. You will certainly find one to please you. Don't buy until you have seen this fresh new lot of fine stock.

F. T. MILLS,

nov 25 tf 112 and 114 North Water St.

HOLIDAY GOODS.

5,000 C. C. Nuts.
1,500 Pounds Mixed Nuts.
150 Boxes L. L. Raisins.
100 Boxes Loose Raisins.
200 Boxes Firecrackers.
400 Bags Peanuts.
100 Boxes Old Va. Cheroots.
240 Boxes Perfecto Cigars.
20 Barrels Apples.

W. B. COOPER,

Wholesale Grocer,

nov 28 D&W tf Wilmington, N. C.

Money to Lend.

THE FIRST INSTALMENT OF THE EIGHTH SERIES OF THE

N. C. Home Building Association

is payable on SATURDAY, JANUARY 1st., and all who desire stock should secure it at once.

Any one desiring to borrow money on easy terms should avail themselves of this opportunity. Money lent either on Stock of the Association or Real Estate.

Frank H. Stedman,

dec 3 tf Secretary and Treasurer,

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A Complete and Varied

STOCK OF

Drugs, Druggists' Sundries,

CHEMICALS,

Proprietary Medicines,

Seeds for the Season, Etc., Etc.

ROBERT R. BELLAMY,

Wholesale and Retail Druggist,

no 14 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Vollers & Hashagen,

Agents for Armour & Company, Chicago, Packers. Product sold on market prices of the day. You therefore buy on Rock Bottom—no middle profit.

We respectfully ask your orders.

Vollers & Hashagen,

Also agents for Powell, Smith & Company, New York.

We Sell "Renown" Cigars,
Cuban Cigars,
Smokettes,
Topical Twist Head,
Union League Club

The Cigars Notoriously Best on the market, and smokers these days demand value for

5c Cigars.

Warehouse and office A. C. Line tracks, Nutt street, near depot.

nov 28 tf

Grand Entertainment.

THE "YOUNG PEOPLE'S ORGAN FUND SOCIETY" of Grace M. E. Church will have in the City Hall on December 7th, 8th and 9th, a

"Dolls' Bazaar."

Dressed Dolls of every variety at very reasonable prices. Doll's Wardrobes, Millinery, and other Doll accessories will be for sale. There will also be Art and Fancy Work Departments; we advise Christmas Present seekers to give us a call.

Refreshments will be served at city prices.

The Spectacular feature for the first night, Dec. 7th, will be the Anvil Chorus accompanied by a Tambourine Drill by eighteen gay sixes. Tennyson's "Dream of Fair Women" will be presented the second night. The poem will be read by Miss Hattie Taylor. A Grand Tableau will be formed that will charm all who see it. There will be Fine Orchestral Music. This will be an attractive feature.

Admission, - - - - - - 10 cents.

On Wednesday and Thursday afternoons the Hall will be open from 2.30 to 4 30 for the benefit of the nurses and children. No admission will be charged. dec 4 2t su tue

PIANOS.

Testimonials, Medals, Conservatory School,

and other indorsements are a thing of the past, as they have no value whatever, being in nearly every instance "manipulated."

YOUR ONLY SAFE COURSE under the so-called modern methods is to

Go to a Reliable House

That is Responsible for its Dealings.

OUR PIANOS are carefully selected; on can see them "right here," and we are here to protect your interests. We cannot afford to do otherwise. New Pianos received all the time.

E. VAN LAER.

403 North Fourth street.

We offer Bargains in several nice Square Pianos. no 17 tf

Frank H. Stedman,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Fire and Tornado Insurance.

Your business is solicited and

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

OFFICE AT

Wilmington Savings & Trust Company.

Telephone No. 163. de 3 tf

FOR RENT.

STORE ON MARKET BETWEEN Front and Water.

Store on South Water street, between Market and Dock.

Store on North Water street between Princess and Chesnut.

Apply to

D. O'CONNOR, Real Estate Agent,

no 10 tf

Seasonable and Reasonable.

Cleaned Currants,
Seeded Raisins, Citron,
Mixed Nuts, Walnuts,
Brazils, Pecans,
Filberts, Almonds.
One price, spot cash.

THE KING GROCERY CO.,

B. F. KING, Manager,

Bell Phone 287. Fourth Street Bridge.

no 27 tf

Schedule on Wilmington Seacoast R. R

ON AND AFTER SEPT. 27th TRAINS WILL run as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington at 2.30 p. m., 6.30 p. m
Leave Ocean View at 8.00 a. m., and 3.00 p. m.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

Leave Wilmington at 2.30 p. m. and 6.00 p. m.
Leave Ocean View at 8.00 p. m.

R. OSCAR GRANT, Superintendent.

sep 25 t

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, DEC. 7, 1897

NOT AFRAID OF IT.

We referred in Sunday's issue to the appeal of the Austro-Hungarian Foreign Minister for a combination of European nations to combat American competition, an appeal which has attracted more or less attention on both sides of the Atlantic. There is not much likelihood of any such trade alliance as he favors materializing, for the reason that there are too many conflicting interests among the nations that must be parties to it, and too much keen rivalry now between some of them. If effected it wouldn't be six months before some of them would be breaking the compact and looking out for themselves.

But in our opinion it would be a good thing as far as our manufacturers are concerned and would in the end benefit instead of injuring them, as it would lead to a counter alliance among the manufacturers of this country, resulting in more co operation and concert of action, and a hastening of trade extension in other countries where they have now to compete with European manufacturers. Our manufacturers are not disposed to regard Count Goluchowski's proposed commercial war very seriously, for they feel able to take care of themselves. In the language of Mr. Theodore Search, one of the leading cotton manufacturers of the East, all they ask is "a fair and square fight." Discussing the Count's scheme, he is not surprised that there is some alarm over there when exports of manufactured articles from this country have for the past three years been increasing at the rate of $50,000,000 a year, without any concert of action upon the part of our manufacturers, but simply by individual effort. He says:

"The past three years have made an era in the commercial history of the United States that is of far greater significance than many people imagine. American manufacturers have been forced to make goods for the home market more cheaply than ever before. They have been forced to seek trade abroad or shut up their shops. They have found that in many lines they could meet the prices and equal, if not better, the quality of the goods sold by their foreign competitors. They have discovered that they are no longer shut in by the boundary lines of the United States, but that the whole world is open to them for a fair and square fight for business. Dollars and cents will not measure the importance of the gain in exports of manufactured articles from the United States; what has been learned is more important than has been gained. The knowledge that they can meet the world in the struggle for foreign trade is of more importance to American manufacturers than the hundreds of millions of dollars' worth of goods they have sold abroad in the past three years."

This is from an Eastern manufacturer, and is noteworthy, and also suggestive. It may be noted that the large increase in our manufactured exports has been within the past three years, which in other words means that our manufacturers began to reach out in earnest for foregn markets under the favoring conditions presented by the Wilson tariff, which while it made a moderate reduction in the duties on imported manufactures more than offset this by giving our manufacturers the liberty to go into the markets of the world to buy raw materials, and thus put them on the same plane with the European manufacturers with whom they had to compete. This enabled them to buy their materials on the same terms their competitors did, and gave them the benefit of their cheaper processes of production with their labor saving machinery, in the use of which this country beats the world. So much for a practical endorsement of the wisdom of a low tariff or no tariff, from a commercial and manufacturers' standpoint.

Up to that time our manufacturers, while they sought foreign markets for the sale of the surplus that could not be profitably disposed of at home, made no earnest effort to build themselves up in those markets and get a permanent foothold there because they were handicapped by high duties on the raw materials they imported, and hence they relied mainly upon the home market, and when they found that overstocked, they suspended operations or reduced the hours of labor until the stock in sight was so reduced that they felt safe in adding to it. Under the Wilson tariff they were not compelled to rely upon the home market, for they were able to go into other markets not only with an unsalable surplus but with goods made especially for those markets. Isn't this $50,000,000 increase a year a solid shot at Dingleyism? Isn't it also a flat contradiction of the assertions made by the Dingleyites as to the blighting effect of the Wilson tariff on our home industries?

Having made so much progress in building up trade abroad and, as Mr. Search says, having learned so much about the possibilities in themselves, the probabilities are that efforts will be continued in that direction, although under less favoring conditions. But our manufacturers will doubtless endeavor to offset these by better methods, more systematic endeavor and more concert of action among themselves, not relying as heretofore on individual effort. With systematic unity of action by our manufacturers in extending trade into other countries, with wise co-operation on the part of our Government, we could be absolute masters of the trade of this Western hemisphere within a decade. Our manufacturers can do much themselves by studying the needs of the markets which they desire to enter, making the goods to meet the demands and making them well to give them reputation to create a better demand for them, and having responsible agencies in every business center in every country where they sold goods who would do business in a fair, square way, and take an interest in the reputation not only of the manufactures of certain makes, but of all our manufactures that entered those markets, and if he found a bogus article or one that endangered the reputation of others, rule it out. A bogus article damages the reputation of all, and it is to the interest of all our manufacturers to see that they are not thus victimized.

But the Government should co operate with our manufacturers by removing as far as possible all trade restrictions with the nations where the effort is made to extend our trade, so as to increase the inducements for them to trade with us and to facilitate our trading with them.

As there is no tariff on goods passing from one State in the Union to another, so there should be no tariff on goods coming from those countries whose trade we especially sought, and this would be eminently right, if European nations should, acting upon the suggestion of the Austro Hungarian Foreign Minister, inaugurate a commercial war upon this country. That would put an end to courtesy and remove any scruples that might exist as to making distinctions between nations in the matter of levying duties. There is no country on this hemisphere that we need fear as a manufacturing rival, and consequently we might admit any or all of their manufactures duty free while it would be manifestly to the interest of our manufacturers to admit from them duty free all of the raw materials which our manufacturers use. This would put our manufacturers on an absolute footing of equality even with manufacturers of free trade England, while they would have an advantage in the closer proximity and cheaper transportation, especially if our manufacturers had American ships to transport their cargoes and were not dependent upon foreign ships, belonging to rival nations, as they have been and are now.

Give our manufacturers an open field and fair play, as Mr Search says, "a fair, square fight," and they can not only hold their own against combined Europe, but can bring combined Europe down.

MINOR MENTION.

The Republican organs, as a rule, which do not like to admit that prosperity has not arrived on both feet and that the Dingley tariff hasn't opened our manufactories, lighted the fires in the furnaces, and started everything to running in fine style, are rejoicing in the presence of prosperity and seemingly take it for granted that the people are fools enough to believe what they say, regardless of the facts. Commenting upon the assertions of some of these journals, the Chattanooga *Times* says:

"The textile trades are not in good condition. Woollen goods makers are about through with the stocks of cheap wool they bought under the Wilson bill, and prices have gone up, especially for good clothing wools, fully 50 per cent. The cotton trade is handicapped by large stocks manufactured from 8 and 9 cent cotton, and print cloths, made of 5 cent cotton, are selling at 2 5-16 cents a yard, blocking the market. A great part of the country's business is being done in a hand to-mouth fashion. Concerns that would buy ten car-loads of stock daily if the masters could see their way clear, now buy a few cars of assorted stuff; everybody is afraid to sell for future delivery at any price. Why is this? Business men fear what Congress will do; and they fear what it will refuse to do, as well. They have not forgotten the destructive currency panic of 1893, and they see another of the same kind coming, and know it will arrive at the same time that a sharp dropping off in trade shall occur, caused by overproduction or any other error. A burned child is shy of fire; and there are hosts of commercial and industrial children who were badly singed four years ago.

"The Republican amateurs, who see ahead an endless halycon and vociferous season, are optimists of the juvenile stripe, and ought not be heeded, nor are they, by wise men of affairs.

"In the meantime we should not forget that the farmer isn't the only one who has to content himself with 'bottom prices.' Cotton is 5 13 16 cents a pound in New York; but good pig iron is $8 75 a ton at Birmingham and $9 40 at Pittsburg."

The *Times* isn't a free silver paper. It is a gold paper of the most pronounced type, which has no sympathy whatever with the party of free silver, and did all it could to help defeat Bryan and elect McKinley. Therefore it cannot be suspected of talking as it does for partisan reasons. The fact is the only streak of prosperity visible is in the West, where wheat has brought some money, but even there there is not as much as they would make it appear.

* * *

The report that the Spanish Minister at Washington will make a claim for damages against this Government on account of the steamer *Dauntless*, which has for some time, according to accounts, been doing a pretty considerable filibustering business, is a bluff. This clever little vessel not only succeeds in giving the Spaniards the slip and running to the points she desires and unloading her cargoes, but she succeeds equally well in giving our marine police the slip, and they are watching her about as close, or even closer, than the Spanish coast guard do. The fact is the officers who have charge of her are just a little too smart for the fellows who have been assigned to the duty of keeping track of her to prevent her from filibustering. The Spanish Minister and his Government know full well that this Government is not only exercising its full powers to prevent filibustering but is really going to extremes and doing a great deal that it is not called upon to do, and if they have decided to put in a bill of damages against this Government it is simply in the nature of a bluff and an effort to make it appear that the slow progress made in "pacifying" Cuba is because the Cubans receive so much encouragement and get so much material assistance from this country. Whether there is anything in this or not a very good way to put a stop to that kind of foolishness would be for this Government to recognize the belligerency or the independence of Cuba, and then the vessels that carried the munitions of war, etc., to the Cubans could float the Cuban flag and this country would no longer need to keep police upon the sea.

CURRENT COMMENT.

— If it be true that the country is prosperous, why agitate currency reform and "disturb business?" The men who are agitating and disturbing that way are the same parties who cried out in a fury against such a program last year, "Why" as Senator Chandler says, "hinder such prosperity as we are now supposed to enjoy?"—*Augusta Chronicle, Dem.*

— It was generally supposed that the European land-grabblers in in Asia and Africa were there for their health, but England insists on her rights in the Lagos Hinterland because Lagos is unhealthy, and gives a similar reason for the occupation of the Chinese mainland adjoining Hong Hong.—*New York World, Dem.*

— Postmaster General Gary, according to report, is receiving many letters from business men and others with regard to his postal saving bank scheme. Up to date however, there has been no feasible plan suggested as to how the government could invest the deposits it would receive so that they would earn the interest the government would be expected to pay depositors.—*Savannah News, Dem.*

— At the big harvester works in Springfield, O,. of which Governor Bushnell is the head, a material cut in wages has been made since the November election. A dispatch to the New York *Sun* says: "As a sample of how the readjustment works, the men working on binder frames received 35 cents a piece last year, whereas this year the price has been cut to 25 cents." Surely the makers of harvesting machinery ought to share in Prosperity's harvest! The moral of such a cut in a year of phenomenal crops is that American machinery must have wider markets.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

APPOINTMENTS

For Visitation by the Bishop of East Carolina.

December 8, Wednesday, E P—S Barnabas, Murfreesboro.

December 9, Thursday, Communion—S Barnabas, Murfreesboro.

December 9, Thursday, E P—S John's, Winton.

December 10, Friday, Communion—S John's, Winton.

December 12, Sunday 3d in Advent, M P—Grace, Woodville.

December 13, Sunday 3d in Advent, E P—S Mark's, Roxobel.

December 16, Thursday, E P—S Thomas, Windsor.

December 17, Friday, Communion—S Thomas, Windsor.

December 19, Sunday 4th in Advent—Holy Innocents, Avoca.

December 25, Saturday, Christmas, M P—Advent, Williamston.

December 26, Sunday after Christmas—Grace, Plymouth.

Holy Communion at all morning services.

The children catechised whenever practicable.

The Vestries will please be prepared to meet the Bishop.

Offerings to be for Diocesan Missions.

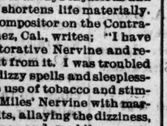
Dr. Miles' Nervine

A REMEDY FOR THE

Effects of Tobacco.

THE excessive use of tobacco, especially by young men is always injurious and undoubtedly shortens life materially. Mr. Ed. C. Ebsen, compositor on the Contra-Costa *News*, Martinez, Cal., writes: "I have used Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and received much benefit from it. I was troubled with nervousness, dizzy spells and sleeplessness, caused by the use of tobacco and stimulants. I took Dr. Miles' Nervine with marvelously good results, allaying the dizziness, quieting the nerves, and enabling me to sleep and rest, proving in my case a very beneficial remedy." Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine is especially adapted to restoring the nervous system to its normal condition under such circumstances. It soothes, heals and strengthens.

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on diseases of the heart and nerves free. Address,



DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

No morphine or opium in Dr. Miles's PAIN PILLS. "One cent a dose." At all druggists. For sale by all Druggists. Change.

June 15 1y sa tu th

WHAT IS LIFE?

A Discovery by Prof. Gates, of Washington, which Answers the Question.

An Interesting Subject.

"What is life?" This question has been asked during all ages, but it has never until now been successfully answered. Professor Elmer Gates, of Washington, who has been making great experiments with the microscope, has made virtually, a double microscope: in other words, he brings the image of the first microscope on the lens, which picture on the lens is enlarged by the second microscope so that many things which it is impossible to see with an ordinary microscope are revealed. In this way he is able to see the smallest cells of the body in an exceedingly large form. He says: "Cut a piece of protoplasm into a number of pieces and each piece will still be alive," thus proving that the germs of life exist in even the minutest particle of the body.

But he goes further and says that he believes *mind is life*, and that mind is present in every particle of the body. This is a new, a startling, a wonderful theory and it may lead to a revolution on the subjects of disease, health and of happiness. It explains clearly one thing and that is, why the mind is frequently affected when the body is disordered, and it brings home the question of health or disease very forcibly.

It becomes plain that in order to have a clear head and a strong mind, one must have a body that is in perfect condition. When the body is deranged the mind cannot work rightly. With pains in the back, nausea, weariness, bearing down sensations and all the symptoms indicating a weakened condition of the kidneys and urinary organs, there is certain to be a clouding of the intellect which calls for immediate action. This action can only be successfully taken by using some great, modern discovery that is certain to put the cell tissues in perfect shape. There is such a discovery and it is doing more to counteract pain and establish health than anything known to modern times. In speaking of it Dr. William Edward Robson, of London, says: "I emphatically state that I have been able to give more relief and effect more cures by the use of Warner's Safe Cure than by all the medicines in the British pharmacopœia." Dr. R. A. Gunn, dean of the United States Medical College, says: "I prescribe and use Warner's Safe Cure in both acute and chronic Bright's disease and commend it most frankly."

Such statements should convince any man or woman that there is no need of farther suffering, if a prompt use is made of the remedy that is commended so highly.

TWINKLINGS.

— When we discover the faults of our friends we are happy; when we discover the faults of our friends without being happy we are great.—*Puck.*

— The Two Classes—"I see that Timmins is getting out another novel." "Historical or hysterical?"—*Indianapolis Journal*

— Friend—"This seems to be a comfortable flat."

Harlemite—It does. It makes that impression on everybody who don't live in it."—*Puck*

— "She seems to be lacking in self confidence"

"She is, shockingly so! Why, she doesn't believe she can plan a house better than an architect."—*Puck*

— She (after a proposal)—Why, you silly boy, if I married you, you couldn't even dress me.

He (dismally, yet eagerly)—Perhaps, with a few lessons, I could learn.—*Punch.*

— An Unpromising Outlook—"It is predicted that the battles of the future will be fought in the air."

"That won't work; no man can be heroic in battle unless he can get behind a tree."—*Chicago Record.*

— Bostonian—"Is this friend that you wish to bring to dinner much of a raconteur?"

Chicago Man—Bamed if I know; but say, you'll die laughin' if we can get him to tellin' stories."—*Cleveland Leader.*

— "He devoted his immense fortune to the perpetuation of his memory."

"You don't say so?"

"Yes, he left it in such shape that every dollar will be litigated over."—*Detroit Journal.*

— Miss Smith—Has your Shakespeare society started in yet, Miss Jones?

Miss Jones—Yes. We met at Mrs Wiggles' yesterday. Miss Matilda Robinson read a most delightful paper on the influence of Rosalind on dress reform.—*Tit Bits*

— A Better Hand: "I won't submit to being turned away," said the disappointed arrival at the hotel. "See here, I'm flush. And he displayed a roll of bills.

"I know," responded the clerk; "but I've got a full house.—*Philadelphia North American*

Hood's Sarsaparilla is prepared by experienced pharmacists, who know precisely the nature and quality of all ingredients used.

Double Veils For Summer Girls.

Eastern girls all last summer at Newport wore a regulation veil the color of the sailor, and tied it neatly in the back to keep stray hairs in place and give it a general finish and touch of the becoming. A second veil of brown chiffon was worn loosely over this, like a valance, to protect the skin, and was pinned in the back so that the ends could fall over the hair almost to the nape of the neck. This will undoubtedly be the fashion again, as there is a cause for it; but, of course, it is too early in the season to assert it positively, as sailors have scarcely made their appearance except in the shops. In order to have a pinkish complexion some women wear a veil of pink tulle under the regular veil, which certainly gives the desired result, without being visible through the outer veil.—New York Advertiser.

The English Language.

The English language of today is quite different in many respects from the English spoken only 100 years ago. On the other hand, the Dutch spoken by the Boers of South Africa does not differ greatly from the same language spoken 200 years ago, the Boers during that time having had very little intercourse with the mother country, and so their language remains almost fixed.

Consumption Positively Cured.

Mr. R. B. Greeve, merchant, of Chilhowie, Va., certifies that he had consumption, was given up to die, sought all medical treatment that money could procure, tried all cough remedies he could hear of, but got no relief; spent many nights sitting up in a chair; was induced to try Dr. King's New Discovery, and was cured by use of two bottles. For past three years has been attending to business and says Dr. King's New Discovery is the grandest remedy ever made, as it has done so much for him and also for others in his community. Dr. King's New Discovery is guaranteed for Coughs, Colds and Consumption. It don't fail. Trial bottles free at at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Kinston *Free Press*: Mrs. Susan Perry, wife of Mr. E. H. E. F. Perry, died at the home of her daughter-in law, Mrs. Lillian E. Perry, in Kinston, last Wednesday morning, aged 68 years. She died of weakness caused by chills and fever.

— Winston *Sentinel*: Bill Day gets seven years in the penitentiary for killing Laura Ellis. He was sentenced Saturday. Bill appears to be very well satisfied with the verdict of manslaughter. He donned his best suit of clothes this morning before going to the court house to hear his sentence.

— Sanford *Express*: Muse Bros' gin and barn were burned last night at Cameron, together with Mr. D. C. Lemons' dwelling house which was near by. About 25 bales of cotton and some 6 or 700 bushels of corn were destroyed. The fire was discovered about 8 30, but had gained too strong a hold to be extinguished. Mr. Lemons saved the most of his furniture. Origin of the fire unknown.

— Goldsboro *Argus*: The Board of Directors of the Penitentiary yesterday, in the name of the State, purchased the Castle Haynes property, paying for it $16,000 in cash. Mr. Chadbourn, of the board, told us last night that they propose to bring the lands up to a high state of cultivation, and make them a model of diversified farming, including strawberries and truck. The phosphate rock mines on the land will also be worked, when occasion requires.

— Charlotte *Observer*: Allen Pardlow and John McIlwaine, both colored, got into a quarrel last night on East Trade street, when McIlwaine drew a knife and cut a gash three inches long across Pardlow's throat, barely missing the jugular vein. Pardlow suffered greatly from loss of blood before the wound was attended to. —— For some years past Dr. L. W. Hunter, of Sardis, has been drinking water from a gold mine, but until recently he has contented himself with taking it in the inner man. A few days ago he decided that gold was a very good thing to carry around even in one's pockets, and determined to develop his holdings. Yesterday he brought five tons of ore to the reduction works of Capt. John Wilkes, from which he hopes to get encouraging results. This supply is from a large vein near his home place, and from present prospects there is an almost inexhaustible quantity. A number of Northern prospectors have recently inspected this property with a view to purchasing.

— Fayetteville *Observer*: The agricultural reports that the sales of fertilizers this autumn are 33⅓ per cent. greater than they were a year ago. —— A most conservative estimate made by a cotton mill man yesterday, places the number of bales of cotton that would be required for the cotton factories in Fayetteville and vicinity, if they should run on full time, at more than fifteen thousand. This does not include the Phœnix, which, when stocked with machinery, would use 2,500 bales. —— The suit of Underwood & McNeill vs. the Drummond Tobacco Company for $30,000 and interest, balance due on purchase money for the Underwood cigarette machine and which was to have been tried in St. Louis on the 20th inst., has been compromised. Dr. McNeill returned from St. Louis Friday morning, and expresses himself as satisfied under the circumstances with the result. Messrs. McNeill and Underwood have been put to great expense and trouble on account of the breach of contract by the Drummond Company. We have authority for stating that the sum received by Messrs. Underwood and McNeill is more than $12,000 and less than $20,000.

What She May Be.

Speaking not of manual work, but the higher lines of business and of the professions, the American girl of 1896 can be an executor and administrator of estates, a trustee of property, a college president or professor, an expert accountant, a cashier, a druggist, a telegraph or telephone operator, a stenographer and typewriter, a typesetter, proofreader or newspaper reporter or editor, a dentist or doctor, a minister, a lawyer, a lecturer, a painter or artist, an architect, a sculptor, an author.

All these she can be and equal her brightest brother and beat the average. If she handles other people's money, she unconsciously enrolls herself as a member of the "Never Steals," and the cardinal rule of the organization has yet to be broken.—New York Press.

Ribbon as a Trimming.

Next to lace, ribbon is seen in quantities upon many of the newest gowns. It is such a graceful mode of decoration and is so very adaptable that even the uninitiated may use it with success, provided they are not skimpy with it. A ribbon trimming with skimpy little bows is ruinous to the loveliest gown. The making of a bow is no little art, and if one has not a leaning that way it is better to use some other form of trimming or have them made by the milliner. Rosettes are much simpler and easier to manage and in many cases are quite as smart as the bow would be.

An Accessory.

"Please, ma'am, if the twins is asleep will you let ma borrow your baby carriage?"

"But you haven't any baby."

"No, ma'am, but there's a man comin to photograph our house, and ma thinks the baby carriage would look awful nice standin in the front yard."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Light Givers.

"Um—ah," said the Rev. Mr. Wilgus as he looked over the scanty missionary collection. "I asked this congregation to aid in the illumination of the benighted heathen mind. And I must say that such a lot of light givers it has never before been my experience to meet."—Indianapolis Journal.

How to Look Good.

Good looks are really more than skin deep, depending entirely on a healthy condition of all the vital organs. If the liver be inactive, you have a bilious look; if your stomach be disordered, you have a dyspeptic look; if your kidneys be affected, you have a pinched look. Secure good health, and you will surely have good looks. "Electric Bitters" is a good Alterative and Tonic. Acts directly on the stomach, liver and kidneys. Purifies the blood, cures pimples, blotches and boils, and gives a good complexion. Every bottle guaranteed. Sold at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. 50 cents per bottle.

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Mr. A. G. Williams, Jackson county, Mo., worked four days and a half and secured 5 orders. He sells the book to almost every man he meets. Dr. J. J. Mason, Muscogee county, Ga., sold 190 copies the first five days he canvassed. H. C. Sheets, Polk County, Tex., worked a few hours and sold 16 copies, mostly among his neighbors. J. H. Hanna, Gaston county, N. C., made a month's wages in three days canvassing for this book. S. M. White, Callahan county, Tex., is selling books at the rate of 144 copies a week.

The Work contains Biographical Sketches of all the Leading Generals, a vast amount of Historical Matter, and a large number of beautiful Full-Page Illustrations. It is a grand book, and ladies and gentlemen who can give a little or all their time to the canvass are found to make immense sums of money handling it.

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showing the different styles of binding, sample pages, and all material necessary to work with will be sent on receipt of 50 cents. The magnificent gallery of portraits alone, in the prospectus is worth double the money. We furnish it at far less than actual cost of manufacture, and we would advise you to order quickly, and get exclusive control of the best territory. Address

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For Lovers of Agriculture.

Can you explain, so that a child can understand, why water puts out fire or why some young squash plants bring their shells out of the ground and others do not? Can you show the difference between a leaf bud and a fruit bud of an apple or tell where all the houseflies come from? Probably you cannot; probably you don't know. The chief clerk of the College of Agriculture at Cornell university, Ithaca, intimates that he knows and says that such matters may be made very interesting to children. Parents and teachers who send him their names will get information as to the assistance which the College of Agriculture at Ithaca has undertaken to give, free of cost, to persons who want to distribute knowledge of this sort among the young.—Harper's Weekly.

Scarlet For Mourning.

In Brazil at a funeral of an unmarried woman the mourning color is scarlet. The coffin, the hearse, the trappings of the horses and the livery of the driver are all scarlet.

Out of the Ordinary.

Mrs. Kelly—Yes, Mrs. Casey, me hoosband left home two wakes ago an Oi hav'nt seen him sinst.

Mrs. Casey—An phwat made him do that, Mrs. Kelly?

Mrs. Kelly—Faith, de doctor says he tinks he run away in a fit of temporary sanity.—Harper's Bazar.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Wholesale Prices Current.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

BAGGING—			
2 lb Jute		@	6¾
Standard		@	7¾
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ₩ lb	12	@	14
Sides ₩ lb	6	@	7½
Shoulders ₩ lb	6	@	7½
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ₩ lb	5	@	5¼
Shoulders ₩ lb		@	5½
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 00	@	1 10
New York, each		@	1 30
New City, each		@	1 20
BEESWAX ₩ lb		@	22
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ₩ M	5 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ₩ lb	10	@	16
Northern	18	@	25
CORN MEAL—			
Per Bushel, in sacks	44	@	45
Virginia Meal	44	@	45
COTTON TIES—₩ bundle		@	85
CANDLES—₩ lb—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	10
CHEESE—₩ lb—			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream		@	11
State		@	10
COFFEE—₩ lb—			
Laguyra	20	@	
Rio	8	@	10
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ₩ yard		@	5¼
Yarns, ₩ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS—₩ dozen		@	17
FISH—			
Mackerel, No 1, ₩ barrel	22 00	@	27 00
Mackerel, No 1, ₩ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No 2, ₩ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No 2, ₩ half-barrel	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No 3, ₩ barrel	12 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ₩ barrel	3 75	@	4 00
Mullets, ₩ pork barrel		@	7 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ₩ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ₩ lb	5	@	10
" Extra	3 25	@	3 50
FLOUR—₩ barrel—			
Low grade		@	3 75
Choice		@	4 75
Straight		@	5 00
First Patent	5 25	@	5 50
GLUE—₩ lb	13@	@	15
GRAIN—₩ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bags—White,		@	45
Car load, in bags—White,		@	44
Oats, from store		@	33½
Oats, Rust Proof		@	40
Cow Peas		@	55
HIDES, ₩ lb—			
Green		@	6
Dry		@	8
HAY, ₩ 100 lbs—			
Clover Hay	80	@	85
Rice Straw		@	50
Eastern		@	90
Western		@	85
North River		@	75
HOOP IRON, ₩ lb	1½@	@	3
LARD, ₩ lb—			
Northern	5½@	@	6
North Carolina	5	@	10
LIME, ₩ barrel	1 15	@1	20
LUMBER(cash or renewed), ₩ M feet—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	28 00	@	32 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ₩ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hhds		@	35
" " " in bbls		@	38
Porto Rico, in hhds		@	28
" " in bbls		@	30
Sugar-House, in hhds	12	@	14
" in bbls	14	@	15
Syrup, in bbls	18	@	15
NAILS, ₩ keg, Cut, 60d basis		@	1 50
PORK, ₩ barrel—			
City Mess		@	9 50
Rump		@	9 25
Prime		@	9 25
ROPE, ₩ lb	10	@	22
SALT, ₩ sack Alum		@	1 10
Liverpool		@	60
Lisbon			
American	40	@	60
On 100 ₩ Sacks		@	40
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ₩ M	3 00	@	3 50
Common	1 50	@	2 25
Cypress Saps	3 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ₩ lb—Standard Grans'd		@	5¼
Standard A		@	5¼
White Ex. C		@	4¾
Extra C, Golden		@	4¼
C Yell'w		@	3¾
SOAP, ₩ lb—Northern	2½@	@	4
STAVES, ₩ M—W. O. barrel	3 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ₩ M feet—Shipping		@	8 00
Mill, Prime		@	7 00
Mill, Fair	3 50	@	4 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary		@	3 00
SHINGLES, N. C. Cypress sawed			
₩ M 6x24 heart	7 00	@	8 00
" Sap	5 00	@	6 00
5x24 Heart	4 50	@	5 00
" Sap	4 00	@	4 50
6x30 Heart	6 00	@	6 50
" Sap	5 00	@	50
TALLOW, ₩ lb		@	5
WHISKEY, ₩ gallon—Northern	1 00	@	1 05
North Carolina	1 00	@	1 00
WOOL, ₩ lb—Unwashed	15	@	15

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, December 6

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market firm at 30 cents per gallon for machine-made casks and 29½ cents for country casks.

ROSIN—Market dull, nothing doing.

TAR—Market firm at $1 05 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market quiet; $1 40 per barrel for Hard, 1 90 for Yellow Dip and 1 90 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine firm, 25½@24½c; rosin firm, $1 45, 1 55; tar steady, $1 10; crude turpentine quiet, $1 40, 1 90, 1 80.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	88
Rosin	223
Tar	231
Crude Turpentine	19

Receipts same day last year—195 casks spirits turpentine, 588 bbls rosin, 360 bbls tar, 74 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON

Market firm on a basis of 5⅝c for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	2 15-16 cts	₩ lb
Good Ordinary	4¼	" "
Low Middling	4 15-16	" "
Middling	5⅝	" "
Good Middling	5⅝	" "

Same day last year, middling 7c.

Receipts—3 611 bales, same day last year 891.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 40@45c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 50c; Fancy, 55c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 45c; Fancy 50c.

CORN—Firm; 47½@50 cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—$1.00@1 05 per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; Hams, 8 to 9c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; Sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch hearts and saps, $1.60 to 2.25; six inch, $2.25 to 3 25; seven inch, $3 50 to 5.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $3.00 to 8.50 per M.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Dec. 6—Evening.—Money on call easy at 1½@2 per cent., last loan 2 and closed offered at 1½@2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3@4 per cent. Sterling exchange was weak, with actual business in bankers' bills at 485½@485¾ for demand and 483¾ for sixty days. Posted rates 488½@484 and 485½@487. Commercial bills 483. Silver certificates 59½@60¼. Bar silver 60. Mexican dollars 47½. Government bonds firm; new fours, registered, 128¾; new fours, coupon, 128¾; fours, registered, 112½; fours, coupon, 114; twos, registered, 99, fives, registered, 114½; fives, coupon, 114¼. State bonds dull; North Carolina sixes 122, North Carolina fours 105

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Dec. 6—Rosin firm. Spirits turpentine steady at 32¾@33½c

CHARLESTON, Dec. 6—Spirits turpentine was firm at 30c; sales — casks. Rosin firm; sales — barrels; quotations unchanged.

SAVANNAH, Dec. 6—Spirits turpentine opened firm at 30½c, with sales of 488 casks; closed firm at 30¾c bid; no sales; receipts 1,022 casks. Rosin firm, sales 805 barrels; receipts 4 088 barrels: A B, C, D $1 15, E, F $1 20, G $1 35, H $1 40, I $1 50, K $1 65, M $1 85, N $2 20, W G $3 50, W W $2 80

COTTON MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, December 6—The cotton market opened steady at a decline of 2 to 3 points, cables not being up to the mark and outside speculative support not materializing to the predicted extent. Selling was arrested, however, by indications of a let up in the movement and prices rallied 3 to 5 points. Trading was not active, however, and for the day reached only 89 000 bales. In the afternoon there was pretty brisk selling movement, led by a concern said to be selling for the Philadelphia account. This met with very little resistance, and the market finally closed barely steady at a net loss of 1 to 3 points.

NEW YORK, Dec. 6—Evening.—Cotton quiet; middling 5⅞c.

Cotton futures opened steady at the decline and closed barely steady, with sales of 89 000 bales; December 5 68c; January 5 69, February 5 74, March 5 78, April 5 84, May 5 89, June 5 96, July 5 98, August 6 02, September 6 04, October 6 03.

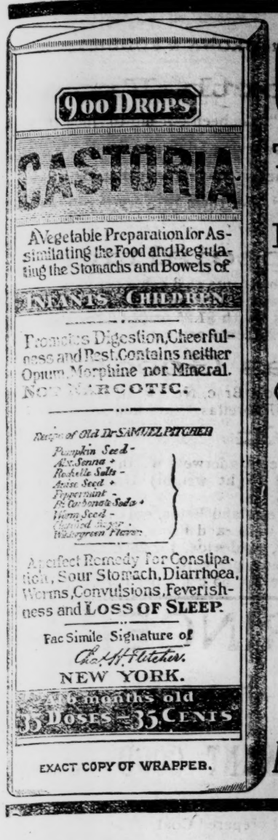
Spot cotton closed quiet; middling uplands 5⅞c; middling gulf 6⅛c; sales 100 bales.

Cotton—net receipts — bales; gross 2 904 bales; exports to Great Britain 960 bales; to France 680 bales; to the Continent 4 580 bales; forwarded 1 207 bales; sales 100 bales; sales to spinners — bales; stock (actual) 87,498 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 54 845 bales; exports to Great Britain 11,714 bales; to France 16,688 bales; to the Continent 23 275 bales; stock 1 019,904 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 120 809 bales; exports to Great Britain 56 514 bales; to France 16,688 bales; to the Continent 38 576 bales.

Total since September 1—Net



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THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

His Mistake.

Lilkins—How is business, Wilkins?

Wilkins—Can't make it go. At this rate I'll be bankrupt in another month. I don't seem to have any head for business.

Bilkins—No, you haven't, but you have a good stand, and if you'll promise to keep hands off and let me run things I'll go in with you as partner.

Wilkins—Done. A friend in need is a friend indeed.

Guest of Mr. Wilkins (ten years after)—What a magnificent place you have—everything that wealth could buy or heart wish! You have been wonderfully prosperous, Mr. Wilkins.

Mr. Wilkins (sadly)—True; but, after all, I get only half the profits of my great establishment. I just tell you, my old friend, the mistake of my life was in taking a partner.—New York Weekly.

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BEES AND A BEAR.

Bruin Finds a Rich Store of Honey In a Hollow Tree.

In Mr. W. H. Shelton's serial story, "The Last Three Soldiers," in St. Nicholas, is the following account of the pranks of a pet bear belonging to the three soldiers, who are castaways on a mountain top in the south:

It was Philip who caught the first view of him, well up on the trunk of the tallest chestnut on the plateau, which, growing in a sheltered place under the northwest hill, had not been dwarfed and twisted by the winds, like its fellows higher up. At the moment he was discovered he was licking his paw in the most peaceful and contented way, while the air about his head was thick with a small cloud of angry bees, darting furiously among the limbs and thrusting their hot stings into his shaggy coat, seeming to disturb him no more than one small gnat can disturb an ox. The soldiers had been deprived of sweets since the last of the sugar had been used in the early winter, and a supply of honey would just fit the cravings of their educated taste. Share and share alike, bear and man, was the unwritten law of Sherman Territory, and so while Philip shouted for the ax he began to throw clubs at Tumbler, which were so much larger and more persuasive than the stings of the bees that the bear began promptly to back his way down the trunk of the tree.

Coleman and Bromley appeared in a jiffy, casting off their jackets and rolling up their sleeves as they came. When the chips began to fly, Tumbler sat down to watch, evidently feeling that some superior intelligence was at work for his benefit, while the stupid bees kept swarming about the hole above, except a few stray ones which had not yet got tired of burrowing into the shaggy coat of the bear, and these now turned their attention to the men and were promptly knocked down by wisps of grass in the hands of Coleman and Philip, while Bromley plied the ax. If only they had had a supply of sulphur, by waiting until the bees were settled at night they could have burned some in the opening made by the ax, and with the noxious fumes destroyed the last bee in the tree. Then, too, if they had been in less of a hurry they might have waited until a frosty morning in November had benumbed the bees, but in that case Tumbler would have eaten all the honey he could reach with his paws.

As it was, the swarm extended so low that as soon as the ax opened the first view into the hollow trunk the bees began to appear, and the opening had to be stuffed with grass, and a bucket of water which Philip brought did not come amiss before the chopping was done. All this time Tumbler licked his jaws and kept his beady eyes fixed on the top of the tree like a good coon dog, and never stirred his stumps until with the last blow of the ax the old tree creaked and swayed at the top and fell with a great crash down the hill.

The three soldiers ran off to a safe distance as soon as the tree began to fall, while Tumbler, after regarding their flight with a look of disgust, walked deliberately into the thick of the battle and began to crunch the dripping comb as coolly as a pig eats corn. The brittle trunk of the old tree had split open as it fell, and for 20 feet of its length the mass of yellow honey lay exposed to the gaze of the men, while the infuriated bees darkened the air above it and made a misty halo about the head of the happy bear.

ROBSON AND SHAKESPEARE.

The Modern Actor Rejects the Advice to the Players In Hamlet.

"Hamlet says, 'Speak the speech, I pray you, as I pronounced it to you, trippingly on the tongue, but if you mouth it, as many of your players do, I had as lief the town crier spoke my lines.' That's all right, but when he says, 'Suit the action to the word, the word to the action'—never. Nothing could be worse. If one did that, he would run the risk of being natural, and, say what you please, to be natural is to be inartistic.

"You hear a man say: 'I like Jones. He is a good actor.' Why? 'Because he is so natural.' As a matter of fact, Jones isn't natural. He simply seems to be.

"As to the word and the action, the action should always precede or follow the word, never go with it. For example," and Mr. Robson took his hands out of his pockets, "let's take a line from real life. We are talking together, and you insult me. Immediately I exclaim, 'You —— scoundrel!' and as I say it I strike you. That would be natural, but it wouldn't do for the stage. It would be too quick for an audience. Both the word and the action would be over before an audience had comprehended what it was all about, and the dramatic effect would be lost. You insult me on the stage. I say, not in the same tone I would use in the heat of the real passion, a little slower perhaps, but more impressively, 'You —— scoundrel!' Here I leave a pause of a few seconds and then deliver the blow.

"'Take a scene from my own play, 'The Jucklins,'" said Mr. Robson. "I, in the character, with others of the family and friends, am awaiting the verdict in the trial of my son. I stand at a table in a prominent place in the center. My actors are arranged about the stage to present a stage picture, a dramatic effect. Over in that corner is the old mother sitting, the arm of her daughter about her shoulders. Here about the stage are people standing and people sitting. Every position goes to make up an artistic and dramatic whole. Here it is my instruction that everything, every actor, be colorless, no motion, no expression. Bill enters with the news. I stand still by the table fearing to ask the question, almost. Bill throws his hat upon the table, and I say, 'Well, Bill?' There is utter silence for a moment before Bill replies the one word, 'Convicted.' And his head a second later drops upon his breast.

"There is the dramatic effect, but it is not nature. Imagine, if you will, a dozen people in real life awaiting in a room a verdict that means life or death to one so dear as son and friend. Are they quiet? Here is one pacing nervously to and fro, perhaps more than one. Here is the mother waiting. She may be crying. Here are two or three little knots of people talking together in an undertone. What interest would that sort of thing have for an audience? Bill rushes in, crying almost before he gets through the door, 'They've convicted him!' In an instant there is tumult. Three or four of the men swear. The mother is crying, loudly perhaps, and immediately two or three run to her to soothe and quiet her. It is a scene an audience wouldn't have.

"In Shakespeare's time acting was forced. Now it is not forced, but it is not natural. You admire a great painting. You think it looks exactly like nature, but it doesn't. An artist uses his imagination to create artistic effect. You see pictures of a battle. Take the picture of Napoleon after Waterloo. It all looks very nice and very artistic. Here he is, with his officers, on horse, but you don't suppose Napoleon and his officers ever stood in a group so artistic after the excitement of a battle.

"After all, it is the audience you must please. The audience is the jury."—Stuart Robson in Kansas City Times.

HOW HE GOT A STORY.

A Chicago Newspaper Man's Pursuit of One and the Result.

The other evening the head of the news staff of a local daily was standing in front of the Palmer House. An elegantly dressed young woman suddenly stopped before him, and with evident embarrassment inquired the way to the Casino. The direction was given, and the newspaper man added that the place was closed.

"Closed?" echoed the woman in surprise.

"Yes. It hasn't been open for several months."

"Oh, well," she continued, "I guess it is all right anyway. I am a stranger in the city. A gentleman and his wife from New York asked me to meet them at 8 o'clock in front of the Casino to go to the theater. I supposed we were going to the Casino. My friends evidently are going to some other theater and asked me to meet them where they thought would be most convenient for me."

She thanked him, gave him a smile which he remembered afterward and passed on. A minute later the newspaper man threw away the remnant of his cigar. A bit of ashes, caught by the wind, fell upon his coal lapel. In brushing it off his hand accidentally touched his cravat. The scarfpin which had nestled there a moment before was gone.

"It wasn't worth a dollar anyway," he said to himself consolingly, "and she's welcome to it. But I'd like to know how she did it. There's a great story in that woman if I could only find her again and make her talk."

His intended visit to the theater was given up forthwith, and he began patrolling the down town streets in search for that story. An hour later he came face to face with the woman he was looking for. She evidently had seen him first, but she made no attempt to avoid him.

"I want you," he said bluntly.

She laughed. "Well," she said, "I suppose all of us sometimes want what we can't get."

"And some of us," he added, "it seems, help ourselves to whatever we want."

"Oh, did you miss it really?" she asked, smiling like a houri. "I couldn't help taking it, you know; really I couldn't. But it wasn't worth keeping, after all. You'll find it in your left hand overcoat pocket."

And she did. "Come," he said, "there's a restaurant across the street. I owe you a dinner."

When the last particle of the broiled lobster had been washed down and she had told a fairy story which he mentally concluded would make at least a column, they arose to go.

"Do you know," she said, "you were pretty lucky tonight? Well, you were. When I was talking to you on the street, I tried for your watch. Your coat was buttoned, and it covered the pocket so tightly that I couldn't get the watch without your noticing it. See," she continued, pointing to his tightly buttoned cutaway, "I couldn't get my hand under there without your knowing it. Notice how tight the

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Should be tender and baked to a tune, your mince pie brown and flaky for your Christmas feast. If you haven't a satisfactory oven prepare before hand by getting one of our Christmas Steel Ranges, by far the handsomest and best Steel Range ever exhibited in this city. They are superior bakers, and you can depend upon your dinner being a success. It will save you more in fuel and spoiled victuals than you will have to pay for one.

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Orton Building, Wilmington, N. C.

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Flour, Bacon, Sugar,

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no 7 tf Wilmington N. C.

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By selling Ice to the trade only, but we cannot refuse to respect the

WISHES OF THE PUBLIC.

We have decided therefore to furnish

Pure Crystal Ice,

delivered AT YOUR DOOR at the rate of 40 cents per hundred pounds in lots of 5 pounds and upward.

We can make it to your advantage to give us a share of your trade.

Respectfully,

The Wilmington Brewing Association.

☞ Get Ice tickets from the wagon or at its factory, corner of Dock and Water streets. no 17 tf

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Colony Resort

—AND—

Sportsmen's Retreat,

AT VAUGHAN, N. C.

Twenty-Six Miles South of Weldon, on the Seaboard Air Line.

A first-class retreat for sportsmen has been opened up at Vaughan, N. C., located 26 miles South of Weldon, on the Seaboard Air Line. The enterprise will be under the management of Mr. E. C. Gerhard, whose successful experience in such matters, will enable him to take care of and to please those who may patronize him.

The hunting in this territory is excellent. Quail is found in abundance. Rabbits, Deer, Squirrel and Wild Turkeys are plentiful, and delightful hunts can be arranged with citizens who have trained dogs and hounds for this purpose. On the river, six or seven miles distant, Wild Geese and Ducks are found in large numbers during the winter season.

The Seaboard Air Line will grant special rates to huntsmen, and will carry their hunting dogs free of charge.

Sportsmen Going South.

"The opening of the hunting season down South is attracting numerous parties of Northern sportsmen, several of which have gone through on the Seaboard Air Line."

"The Seaboard Air Line, recognizing the desirability and importance of attracting sportsmen to its territory, has with its usual foresight and progressiveness, established a hunting lodge at Vaughan, one of the best hunting sections in North Carolina. The lodge promises to be patronized liberally."—*Portsmouth Star*

no 24 tf

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jan 21

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J. W. NORWOOD, President. W. J. TOOMER, Cashier

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WILMINGTON, N. C.

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J. D. CROOM, President.
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DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

TO ALL POINTS

NORTH, SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST.

Schedule in Effect May 30, 1897.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington 8 20 p m, arrives Lumberton 5 06 p m, Pembroke 5 46 p m, Marion 6 18 p m, Laurinburg 6 53 p m, Hamlet 8 15 p m. Connects at Hamlet with train 41 for Charlotte and Atlanta, and with train 402 for Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington and points North.

Train 4—Leaves Portsmouth 9 20 a m, arrives Weldon 11 41 a m, Raleigh 3 30 p m, Sanford 5 03 p m, Hamlet 6 58 p m, Rockingham 7 30 p m, Wadesboro 8 11 p m, Monroe 9 19 p m, Coal ite 10 05 p m, Athens 3 45 a m and Atlanta 6 30 a m. Connection at Selma with train from Richmond and all Northern points. Pullman sleeper, Portsmouth to Nashville. Tens.

Train 48—Leaves Washington 4 10 p m, Richmond 8 56 p m, Portsmouth 8 45 p m. Arrives Weldon 11 10 p m, Raleigh 2 07 a m, Sanford 3 55 a m, Hamlet 6 10 a m, Rockingham 5 28 a m, Wadesboro 5 54 a m, Monroe 6 43 a m, Charlotte 7 50 a m, Lincolnton 10 20 a m, Shelby 11 a m, Rutherfordton 1 30 noon, Athens 1 15 p m, Atlanta 5 50 p m. Connections at Atlanta for all points South and West. Pullman sleeper, Washington to Atlanta, and Portsmouth to Chester.

Train 3—Leaves Hamlet 8 20 a m, Arrives Laurinburg 9 46 a m, Maxton 9 56 a m, Pembroke 9 31 a m, Lumberton 9 53 a m, Wilmington 12 05 noon. Connects at Hamlet with trains from Washington, Portsmouth, Charlotte and Atlanta.

Train 402—Leaves Atlanta 1 00 p m. Arrives Athens 3 16 p m, Monroe 9 30 p m. Leaves Rutherfordton 4 35 p m. Arrives Shelby 5 55 p m, Lincolnton 6 56 p m, Charlotte 8 15 p m, Monroe 9 10 p m, Wadesboro 10 01 p m, Rockingham 11 05 p m, Hamlet 11 30 p m, Sanford 1 02 a m, Raleigh 2 15 a m, Weldon 4 55 a m, Portsmouth 7 25 a m, Richmond 8 18 a m, Washington 12 31 noon. Pullman sleepers, Atlanta to Washington, and Chester to Portsmouth.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7 15 p m; arrives Gibson 8 10 p m. Returning leaves Gibson 7 00 a m; arrives Hamlet 7 50 a m

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8 40 a m; arrives Cheraw 10 00 a m. Returning leaves Cheraw 5 00 p m; arrives Hamlet 6 30 p m.

All trains daily except Nos. 17 and 18.

Trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

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General Offices, Portsmouth, Va.

sep 22 tf

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R'y

JOHN GILL, Receiver.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

In Effect November 28th, 1897.

NORTH BOUND.	No. 2. DAILY.
Leave Wilmington	9 00 a m
Arrive Fayetteville	12 10 p m
Leave Fayetteville	12 22 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	12 27 "
Leave Sanford	1 48 "
Leave Climax	3 47 "
Arrive Greensboro	4 30 "
Leave Greensboro	4 30 "
Leave Stokesdale	5 17 "
Leave Walnut Cove	5 47 "
Leave Rural Hall	6 15 "
Arrive Mt Airy	7 45 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 1. DAILY.
Leave Mt Airy	8 40 a m
Leave Rural Hall	10 04 "
Leave Walnut Cove	10 33 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 06 "
Arrive Greensboro	11 55 "
Leave Greensboro	3 15 p m
Leave Climax	12 43 "
Leave Sanford	2 38 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	3 56 "
Arrive Fayetteville	4 00 "
Leave Fayetteville	4 10 "
Arrive Wilmington	7 20 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 4. DAILY.
Leave Bennettsville	8 00 a m
Arrive Maxton	9 02 "
Leave Maxton	9 07 "
Leave Red Springs	9 35 "
Leave Hope Mills	10 20 "
Arrive Fayetteville	10 40 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 3. DAILY.
Leave Fayetteville	4 50 p m
Leave Hope Mills	5 07 "
Leave Red Springs	5 43 "
Arrive Maxton	6 11 "
Leave Maxton	6 15 "
Arrive Bennettsville	7 05 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 6. Mixed Daily Ex. Sunday.
Leave Rambur	6 40 a m
Leave Climax	9 35 "
Arrive Greensboro	9 47 "
Leave Greensboro	9 55 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 01 "
Arrive Madison	11 35 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15. Mixed. Daily Ex. Sunday.
Leave Madison	2 55 p m
Leave Stokesdale	1 25 "
Arrive Greensboro	2 45 "
Leave Greensboro	3 5 "
Leave Climax	4 25 "
Arrive Rambur	5 10 "

CONNECTIONS

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad at Hasty ing with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad, Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western Railway.

J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager. W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

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The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C., AND Georgetown, S. C., Lines.

New York for Wilmington

CROATAN,	Saturday,	Nov.
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Wilmington for New York.

ONEIDA,	Saturday,	Nov. 27
CROATAN,	Saturday,	Dec. 4

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

CROATAN,	Tuesday,	Nov. 30
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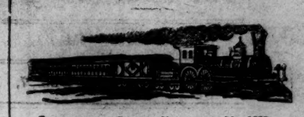

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT NOVEMBER 29, 1897.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND

DAILY 9.35 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11 02 a m, Warsaw 11.35 a m, Goldsboro 12 05 p m, Wilson 12 55 p m, Rocky Mount 1 43 p m, Tarboro 2 45 p m, Weldon 4.33 p m, Petersburg 5 35 p m, Richmond 7 15 p m, Norfolk 5.05 p m, Washington 11.35 p m, Baltimore 12.58 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.55 a m, Boston 9.00 p m.

DAILY 7.15 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.35 p m, Warsaw 9.10 p m, Goldsboro 10.10 p m, Wilson 11.06 p m, †Tarboro 12 05 a m, Rocky Mount 12.57 p m, Weldon 1 47 a m, †Norfolk 10.30 a m, Petersburg 3. 5 a m, Richmond 4.40 a m, Washington 7.41 a m, Baltimore 9.05 a m, Philadelphia 11.25 a m, New York 2.02 p m, Boston 9.00 p m,

DAILY except Sunday 3 58 p m — No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville Newbern 5 30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 4.00 P M — No. 63—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 5.09 p m, Chadbourn 5.40 p m, Marion 6.40 p m, Florence 7.10 p m, Sumter 8.30 p m, Columbia 10. 0 p m, Denmark 6.30 a m, Augusta 8.30 a m, Macon 11.30 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.55 p m, Savannah 1 55 a m, Jacksonville 8.30 a m, St. Augustine 10.30 a m, Tampa 6.45 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.50 P M — No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1.05 p m, *New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 3.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10 03 a m, Norfolk 8.50 a m, Weldon 11.12 a m, Tarboro 12.12 p m, Rocky Mount 12 47 p m, Wilson 1 37 p m, Goldsboro 3 2 p m, Warsaw 4.1. p m, Magnolia 4 34 p m.

DAILY 9.30 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.30 a m, Philadelphia 12.09 p m, Baltimore 3.35 p m, Washington 5.46 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.12 p m, †Norfolk 3.30 p m, Weldon 9.43 p m, †Tarboro 6.01 p m, Rock Mount 5.45 a m, leave Wilson 6.29 a m, Goldsboro 7.01 a m, Warsaw 7.53 a m, Magnolia 8.05 a m.

DAILY except Sunday 1.25 p m — No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9 20 a m, Jacksonville 10 42 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 1.25 p m — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.00 a m, Sanford 1.50 p m, Jacksonville 5 10 p m, Savannah 1 48 a m, Charleston 6.35 a m, Columbia 7.40 a m, Atlanta 8.30 a m, Macon 2.30 a m, Augusta 5.05 p m, Denmark 4.50 p m, Sumter 8 25 a m, Florence 10 05 a m, Marion 10.41 a m, Chadbourn 11 45 a m, Lake Waccamaw 12.16 p m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3 55 p m, Halifax 4 30 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.30 p m, Greenville 6.37 p m, Kinston 7 55 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7 56 a m, Greenville 9 52 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 18a m, Weldon 11.33 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 3.30 a m and 2 30 p m, arrive Parmele 9.10 a m and 4.00 p m; returning leaves Parmele 9.35 a m and 6 30 p m, arrives Washington 11 00 a m and 7.30 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 p m, Sunday, 4 05 p m, arrives Plymouth 7.40 p m and 6 p m. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7 50 a m, and Sunday 9 a m. Arrive Tarboro 10.05 a m and 11 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7 10 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 8.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield 9 00 a m, arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 10 25 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8 35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train or Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 11.30 a m and 4.15 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m. and 8.00 p m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 11. 0 a m, arrive Latta 10.48 a m, Dillon 12 50 a m, Rowland 11 15 a m, returning leaves Rowland 6 10 p m, arrives Dillon 6.10 p m, Latta 6.48 p m, Pee Dee 7. 5 p m, daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 8.30 a m, Chadbourn 11.50 a m, arrive Conway 2.10 p m, leave Conway 2 45 p m, Chadbourn 5 55 p m, arrive Hub 6.38 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6 31 p m, Manning 7.03 p m, arrive Lane's 7 31 p m, leave Lanes 8.38 a m, Manning 9.05 a m, arrive Sumter 9.35 a m, Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7 55 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 9.14 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.35 a m, 5.35 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday 9 55 a m, arrive Darlington 12 28 a m, Cheraw 11 40 a m. Wadesboro 2 25 p m, leave Florence daily except Sunday 8. 5 p m, arrive Darlington 9.40 p m, Hartsville 9 55 p m, Bennettsville 9 51 p m, Gibson 10 30 p m. Leave Florence Sunday only 9 55 a m, arrive Darlington 10 57 a m Hartsville 11 10 a m.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday 6 15 a m, Pennettsville 6 41 a m, arrive Darlington 7 40 a m. Leave Hartsville daily except Sunday 6 45 a m, arrive Darlington 7 30 a m, leave Darlington 9 10 a m, arrive Florence 9 35 a m. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3 p m, Cheraw 5 15 p m, Darlington 6 29 p m, arrive Florence 7 00 p m. Leave Hartsville Sunday only 8 20 a m, Darlington 9 05 a m, arrive Florence 9 3 a m.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1 20 p m, 11.16 p m, arrive Selma 3.15 p m Smithfield 3 32 p m, Dunn 4 0 p m, Fayetteville 4.47 p m. Leave Rowland 6.10 p m returning leave Rowland 9 3 a m, Fayetteville 12.28 a m, 10.35 p m, Dunn 1.45 p m, Smithfield 1.3 p m, Selma 1 50 p m, arrive Wilson 2 35 p m, 12 12 a m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Sumter 4 40 a m, Creston 5 35 a m, arrive Denmark 6 30 a m. Returning leave Denmark 4 50 p m, Creston 5 42 p m, Sumter 6 40 p m Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5 45 a m, arrive Pregnalls 9 15 a m. Returning leaves Pregnalls 10 a m arrives Creston 3 50 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliott 11 10 a m and 5.05 p m, arrive Lucknow 1 p m and 9 05 p m. Returning leave Lucknow 6.05 a m and 3.00 p m, arrive Elliot 8 25 a m and 3.30 p m.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. de 2 tf

Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 3.

To Take

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, DEC. 7, 1897

M. E. CHURCH SOUTH.

ADJOURNMENT OF THE NORTH CAROLINA CONFERENCE.

Will Meet Next Year at Elizabeth City—Appointments Announced by the Bishop.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RALEIGH, N. C., December 6.—The North Carolina Methodist Conference which has been in session here since last Wednesday, adjourned to-day at noon to meet next year at Elizabeth City.

The appointments were read by the Bishop:

Raleigh District—E. A. Yates, Presiding Elder.

Raleigh, Edenton street, W C Norman; Central, E C Glenn; City Mission, supplied by T. H. Bain.

Rockingham District—W. H. Moore, Presiding Elder.

Rockingham station, J. H Page; Rockingham circuit, J. M. Lowder; Richmond circuit, J P Pate; Mount Gilead circuit, W. W. Rose; Pekin circuit, J W. Strider; Prospect circuit, J. B. Bruton, supply; Asbury circuit, N. H. Guyton; Aberdeen circuit, J. E Thompson; St. John circuit, M. D. Hix; Laurinburg circuit, F. M. Shamburger; Sneed's Grove, S. E Mercer; Maxton and Caledonia circuit, M. Bradshaw; Red Springs circuit, J. W. Wallace; Lumberton circuit, J. D. Bundy; Robeson circuit, E. Pope; R. W. Townsend, supply.

Washington District—B. R Hall, Presiding Elder.

Washington station, J E Underwood; Washington circuit, W F Jones; Aurora circuit, C O Durant; Swan Quarter, R L Davis; Mattamuskeet, J T Bagwell; Enfield, G T Adams, Greenville, N M. Watson; Ayden, L. G Wyche; Grimeslan, N L Seabolt; Bethel, B B Culbreth; Tarboro, R F Bumpass; Conetoe, S A Cotton; South Edgecomb, R H Willis; Rocky Mount station, R J Moorman; Rocky Mount circuit, A D Betts; Nashville, H A Humble; Spring Hope, J. C. Humble; Wilson, J B Hurley; Fremont; C P Jerome; Ocracoke and Portsmouth, S T Moyle; E K McLarty, student at Vanderbilt University.

Warrenton District—J T Gibbs, Presiding Elder.

Warrenton station, L L Nash; Warrenton circuit, J L Sanford 1; Ridgeway, T J Dorey, 1; Henderson station A M McCullen, 1; Littleton circuit, P L Herman; Weldon station, Oliver Rider; Roanoke circuit, Y E. Wright; Roanoke Rapids, J H Frizzele, 1; Halifax circuit, J T Abernethy; Battleboro and Whitakers, E E Rose; Scotland Neck circuit, Rufus Bradley, 1; Williamston, Hamilton and Jamesville, G W Fisher; Garysburg, J D Pegram; Northampton, A R Goodchild; Rich Square, J R Sawyer; Meherrin, P H Greening; Murfreesboro, J L Rumley; Harrellsville, J C Jones; Bertie, J R Tillery.

Littleton Female College—J M Rhodes, President.

Newbern District—W S Rone, Presiding Elder.

Newbern, Centenary, R B Johns; Goldsboro, St Paul, F D Swindell; Goldsboro; St John, J E Bristow; Goldsboro circuit, M M McFarland; Mount Olive Circuit, J G Johnson; La Grange, T H Sutton; Snow Hill circuit, L J Holden; Kinston, J A Lee; Grifton circuit, M T Pivler; Jones circuit, J M Benson; Craven, W J Crowson; Vanceboro, F E Dixon, supply; Pamlico, H Tripp; Carteret, G T Simmons; Morehead City, L S Massey; Beaufort, D H Tuttle; Straits, T J Browning.

Coresound Mission—R. T Wyche, supply.

Elizabeth City District—R A Willis, Presiding Elder.

Elizabeth City station, J H Hall; Pasquotank circuit, W E Hocutt; Camden circuit, A J Parker. South Camden circuit, J Y Old; Currituck circuit, J H McGee; North Gates circuit, C W Robinson; Gates circuit, H B McCall, two; C R Taylor, supply; Perquimmas circuit, W C Merritt; Hertford station, J A Moroaday; Edenton station, J T Mann; Plymouth station, J L Cunningim, two; Roper station, E H Davis; Pantego circuit, Samuel Laffere; Columbia circuit, W D Sisser; Hatteras circuit, L H Joyner.

Fayetteville District—F A Bishop Presiding Elder.

Fayetteville, Hay Street, Campbellton and Rose Chapel, J O Gaturie and R H Black; Cumberland, E C Sell; Cokesbury, G W Starling; Simpson, D B Parker; Lillington, R A Bruton; Buckhorn, H G Stanley; I W Avent, supply; Dunn, L M Chaffin; Newton Grove, W F Galloway; Cape Fear, A J Groves; Pittsboro, L E Thompson; Haw River, W H Pucket; Deep River, B B Holder; Siler City, W F Craven; Carthage, Z T Harrison; Jonesboro, D L Earnhardt.

Wilmington District—R C Beaman, Presiding Elder.

Wilmington, Grace and Bladen streets, A P Tyer and G D Langston; Wilmington district, Fifth Street, W L Cunningim; Wilmington, Market Street, Albert Barnes; Scott's Hill Circuit, W H Townsend; Oaslow, J A Rouse; Jacksonville and Richland, W A Forbes; Magnolia, L S Etheridge; Kenansville, J W Martin; Burgaw, D W Futrell; Clinton, D C Geddie; Bladen, W A Jenkins; Elizabeth, C P Snow; Whiteville, A R Raven; Carver's Creek, C W Smith; Waccamaw, J M Marlowe, supply; Brunswick, J J Porter; Southport, H B Anderson.

Board of Finance—Clerical, W C Norman, R F Taylor, L E Thompson, J E Thompson, L J Holden, J A Hornaday, H B Anderson, P L Herman. Lay, N M Lawrence, W H Branson, A D Muse, T B Gibson, C P Dye, C E Kramer, D P Haskett, W E Springer, E W Blythe.

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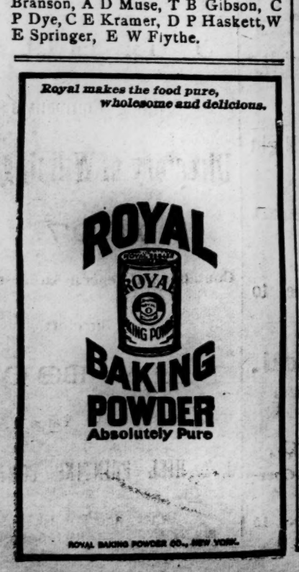

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

IT WAS READ YESTERDAY IN BOTH HOUSES OF CONGRESS.

Recommendations Made as to Currency Legislation—International Law as Applied to Cuba Discussed—Believed Annexation of Cuba Should be Accomplished.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, December 5.—President McKinley to-day sent his annual message to Congress congratulating it upon re-assembling under felicitous conditions, calling for grateful acknowledgement to a beneficient providence which has so signally blessed and prospered us as a nation.

Contrary to the usual custom which has led to the treatment of matters of foreign relations in the beginning of the message, President McKinley devotes his attention first to the financial question, of which he says:

The extra session of this Congress, which closed during July last, enacted important legislation, and while its full effect has not yet been realized, what it has accomplished assures us of its timeliness and wisdom To test its permanent value further time will be required, and the people, satisfied with its operation and results thus far, are in no mind to withhold from it a fair trial.

Tariff legislation having been settled by the extra session of Congress, the question next pressing for consideration is that of the currency.

The work of putting our finances upon a sound basis, difficult as it may seem, will appear easier when we recall the financial operations of the Government since 1866.

With the great resources of the Government and with the honorable example of the past before us, we ought not to hesitate to enter upon a currency revision which will make our demand obligations less onerous to the Government and relieve our financial laws from ambiguity and doubt.

There are many plans proposed as a remedy for the evil. Before we can find the true remedy we must appreciate the real evil. It is not that our currency of every kind is not good, for every dollar of it is good; good because the Government's pledge is out to keep it so, and that pledge will not be broken. However, the guaranty of our purpose to keep the pledge will be best shown by advancing toward its fulfillment.

The evil of the present system is found in the great cost to the Government of maintaining the parity of our different forms of money, that is, keeping all of them at par with gold. We surely cannot be longer heedless of the burden this imposes upon the people, even under fairly prosperous conditions, while the past four years have demonstrated that it is not only an expensive charge upon the Government, but a dangerous menace to the national credit.

The law which requires the Government, after having redeemed its United States notes to pay them out again as current funds, demands a constant replenishment of the gold reserve. This is especially so at times of business panic and when the revenues are insufficient to meet the expenses of the Government. At such times the Government has no other way to supply its deficit and maintain redemption but through the increase of its bonded debt, as during the administration of my predecessor, when $262,315,400 of four and a half per cent. bonds were issued and sold and the proceeds used to pay the expenses of the Government in excess of the revenues and sustain the gold reserve. While it is true that the greater part of the proceeds of these bonds were used to supply deficient revenues, a considerable portion was required to maintain the gold reserve.

I earnestly recommend as soon as the receipts of the Government are quite sufficient to pay all the expenses of the Government, that when any of the United States notes are presented for redemption in gold, and are redeemed in gold, such notes shall be kept and set apart, and only paid out in exchange for gold. This is an obvious duty. If the holder of the United States note prefers the gold and gets it from the Government he should not receive back from the Government a United States note without paying gold in exchange for it. The reason for this is made all the more apparent when the Government issues an interest bearing debt to provide for the gold redemption of United States notes—a non interest-bearing debt. Surely it should not pay them out again except on demand, and for gold. If they are put out in any other way, they may return again to be followed by another bond issue to redeem them—another interest-bearing debt to redeem a non interest-bearing debt.

The Secretary of the Treasury has outlined a plan in great detail for the purpose of removing the threatened recurrence of a depleted gold reserve and save us from future embarrassment on that account. To this plan I invite your careful consideration.

I concur with the Secretary of the Treasury in his recommendation that national banks be allowed to issue notes to the face value of the bonds which they have deposited for circulation, and that the tax on circulating notes secured by deposit of such bonds be reduced to one half of one per cent. per annum. I also join him in recommending that authority be given for the establishment of national banks with a minimum capital of $25 000. This will enable the smaller villages and agricultural regions of the country to be supplied with currency to meet their needs.

I recommend that the issue of national bank notes be restricted to the denomination of ten dollars and upwards. If the suggestions I have herein made shall have the approval of Congress, then I would recommend that national banks be required to redeem their notes in gold.

Turning to foreign affairs, the President devotes a great part of his message to a consideration of the Cuban question, which he says is the most important problem with which this government is now called upon to deal pertaining to its foreign relations.

The existing conditions cannot but fill this government and the American people with the greatest apprehension. There is no desire on the part of our people to profit by the misfortunes of Spain. We have only the desire to see the Cubans prosperous and contented, enjoying that measure of self control which is the inalienable right of man, protected in their right to reap the benefit of the exhaustless treasures of their country.

Continuing the President says that the offer made by his predecessor in April 1896, of the good offices of this Government failed. The cruel policy of concentration was initiated in February 1896. "It has utterly failed as a war measure. It was not civilized warfare—it was extermination," says the President. Against this abuse of the rights of war he has felt constrained on repeated occasions to enter the firm and earnest protest of this Government. He made instant demand for the release by speedy trial of all American citizens under arrest, and before the change of the Spanish cabinet in October last, 22 prisoners, citizens of the United States, had been given their freedom.

The instructions to Minister Woodford directed him to impress upon the Spanish Government the sincere wish of the United States to lend its aid towards the ending of the war by reaching a peaceful and lasting result, just and honorable alike to Spain and to the Cuban people. It was also asked whether Spain, of her own volition, moved by her own interests and sentiments of humanity, should not make proposals of settlement, and it was said that we could not contemplate an indefinite period for the accomplishment of this result. No solution was proposed to which the slightest idea of humiliation to Spain could attach. All that was asked or expected was that some sale way might be speedily provided and permanent peace restored. The President refers to the change in the Spanish cabinet about this time and continuing says:

"The reply to our note was in the direction of a better understanding. It appreciates the friendly purposes of this Government. It admits that our country is deeply affected by the Cuban war. It declares that the present Spanish government is bound by every consideration to a change of policy that should satisfy the United States and pacify Cuba within a reasonable time. To this end, Spain has decided to put into effect the political reforms heretofore advocated by the present Premier, without halting for any consideration in the path which in its judgment leads to peace. The military operations, it is said, will continue but will be humane and will be conducted with all regard for private rights, being accompanied by political action leading to the autonomy of Cuba while guarding Spanish sovereignty.

It further suggests that Spain be left free to conduct the military operation and grant political reforms, while the United States for its part shall enforce neutral obligations and cut off the assistance which, it is asserted, the insurgents receive from this country. The supposition of an indefinite prolongation of the war is denied and complete and early pacification is hoped for, which, with the immediate amelioration of existing conditions in Cuba, would remove cause for any change of attitude on the part of the United States. Spain shows an apparent disposition to charge us with failure to meet international duties and this charge, says the President, is without any basis of fact. It could not have been made cognizant of the constant efforts this Government has made at the cost of millions and by the employment of the administrative machinery of the nation to perform its full duty. That it has successfully prevented the departure of a single military expedition or armed vessel from our shores in violation of our laws would seem to be a sufficient answer and due response to this charge has been made in diplomatic course.

Declaring that throughout all these horrors and dangers to our own peace the United States has never abrogated its prerogative of determining a policy according to its own high sense of right and its interests, the President says:

"Of the untried measures there remain only: recognition of the insurgents as belligerents; recognition of the independence of Cuba; neutral intervention to end the war by imposing a rational compromise between the contestants, and intervention in favor of one or the other party. I speak not of forcible annexation, for that cannot be thought of. That by our code of morality would be criminal aggression."

The President then proceeds to discuss the first head, namely, the recognition of belligerency. He recalls the resolutions of Congress in 1896 and since then he quotes the wise utterances of President Grant in his message of December 7th, 1875, particularly where he declares against the recognition of independence at that time and also President Grant's declaration that he failed to find in the insurrection the existence of such a substantial political organization and other elements required by international usage as would place it on the terrible footing of war to which a recognition of belligerency would aim to elevate it.

The President describes the reform policy of the Spanish Government as to Cuba, as has already been set out in the press, and says:

"That the Government of Sagasta has entered upon a course from which recession with honor is impossible can hardly be questioned; that in the few weeks it has existed it has made earnest of the sincerity of its professions is undeniable. I shall not impuga its sincerity nor should impatience be suffered to embarrass it in the task it has undertaken. It is honestly due to Spain and to our friendly relations with Spain that she should be given a reasonable chance to realize her expectations and to prove the asserted efficacy of the new order of things to which she stands irrevocably committed.

Not a single American citizen is now in arrest or confinement in Cuba of whom this Government has any knowledge. The near future will demonstrate whether the indispensable condition of a righteous peace, just alike to the Cubans and to Spain, as well as equitable to all our interests so intimately involved in the welfare of Cuba, is likely to be attained. If not, the exigency of further and other action by the United States will remain to be taken. When that time comes that action would be determined in the line of indisputable right and duty. It will be faced, without misgiving or hesitancy in the light of the obligation this Government owes to itself, to the people who have confided to it the protection of their interests and honor, and to humanity.

The President next takes up the subject of the annexation of Hawaii. He refers to this subject because the Senate has made public the treaty now pending and legislation is required to settle many details of the eventual union, should annexation be accomplished, as he believes it should be.

The President makes only the briefest reference to the Nicaragua canal as a subject of large importance to our country and increasing appreciation on the part of the people. He says that the last commission is now making its investigations, and when he transmits his report to Congress he will make further suggestions on the subject.

Coming to the question of an international coinage agreement, the President states that the special envoys representing the United States in the effort to secure such an agreement have been diligent in their efforts to obtain the co-operation of European countries, but up to this time have not been able to secure an agreement contemplated by their mission. The gratifying action of France in joining this country in the effort is regarded as an assurance that we are not alone among the larger nations of the world in the desire to reach some practical solution of the problem. Of the future of the negotiations, the President says:

"Our special envoys have not made their final report, as further negotiations between the representatives of this government and the governments of other countries are pending and in contemplation. They believe that doubts which have been raised in certain quarters respecting the position of maintaining the stability of the parity between the metals and kindred questions may yet be solved by further negotiations.

Under the head of international arbitration the President says:

"International arbitration cannot be omitted from the list of subjects claiming our consideration. Events have only served to strengthen the general views on this question expressed in my inaugural address. The best sentiment of the civilized world is moving toward the settlement of differences between nations without resorting to the horrors of war. Treaties embodying these humane principles on broad lines without in any way imperiling our interests or our honor shall have my constant encouragement."

Coming to the subject of the navy, the President speaks in terms of high praise of the excellent character of our naval force. He regards it as of great importance that Congress should immediately provide for the armor for the three battleships now under construction. He recommends very little new construction, but says:

"The great increase of the navy which has taken place in recent years was justified by the requirements of national defence, and has received public approbation. The time has now arrived, however, when this increase, to which the country is committed, should, for a time, take the form of increased facilities commensurate with the increase of our naval vessels. It is an unfortunate fact that there is only one dock on the Pacific coast capable of docking our largest ships, and only one on the Atlantic coast, and that the latter has for the last six or seven months been under repair and therefore incapable of use. Immediate steps should be taken to provide three or four docks of this capacity on the Atlantic coast, at least one on the Pacific coast, and a floating dock in the Gulf. This is the recommendation of a very competent board, appointed to investigate the subject. There should also be ample provision made for powder and projectiles and other munitions of war and for an increased number of officers and enlisted men. Some additions are also necessary to our our navy yards, for the repair and care of our larger number of vessels. As there are now on the stocks five battleships of the largest class which cannot be completed for a year or two, I concur with the recommendation of the Secretary of the Navy for an appropriation authorizing the construction of one battleship for the Pacific coast, where, at present, there is only one in commission and one under construction, while on the Atlantic coast there are three in commission and four under construction; and also that several torpedo boats be authorized in connection with our general system of coast defences."

The last topic treated in the message is the civil service, which the President says has of late years received increased legislative and executive approval. During the past few months the service has been placed upon a still firmer basis of personal merit. The right of veteran soldiers to reinstatement has been asserted, dismissals for political reasons have been carefully guarded against, the examinations improved and made more practical, and a distinct advance has been made by giving a hearing before dismissal, upon charges of incompetency. This last has in no way impaired the power of removal, which is one of the vital safe guards of the civil service system. Much remains to be accomplished to make this system reasonably perfect. There are places now in the service which ought to be exempted from classification and others not classified may properly be included. The President says he shall not hesitate to correct these faults in the interest of public service. The system has the approval of the people and it will be his endeavor to uphold and extend it.

The message concludes with an admonition from the President to Congress to carefully scrutinize the estimates of the expenses of the Government and not to encourage their increase, as it is the commanding duty to keep the appropriations within the receipts of the Government and thus avoid a deficit.

RALEIGH NEWS BUDGET.

Federal Court in Session—M. E. Church Conference Adjourned—Ex Governor Carr—Important U. S. Court Decisions Rendered.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*

RALEIGH, N. C., December 6.

Edwin Lee, the 13-year-old son of Mr. C. R Lee, was taken to Baltimore Saturday to be operated on for appendicitis. It was decided not to operate after the arrival of the boy. He is getting along well.

The winter term of Federal court convenes to-day. There is a small army of moonshiners in the city. The docket is not unusually heavy. Some important cases come up for trial.

Mr. William Green has been engaged to travel for the *Morning Post*. He left to day for the East.

Raleigh enjoyed some splendid preaching yesterday. Distinguished Methodist divines occupied the pulpits of the city churches. Bishop Hargrove preached with great power at Edenton street church. Hundreds of people were unable to gain admission. The conference adjourns to day. The appointments will be announced later.

Mr. Greek O. Andrews went to New York this morning. Editor Josephus Daniels is in the metropolis this week.

Ex Governor Elias Carr is a visitor in the city. He never appeared in better health.

The Supreme Court is expected to hand down some important decisions to-morrow.

FIRE ON THE YACHT NARADA.

Woodwork in the Cook's Galley Burns Near New London and Gittsons Go to the Crew's Help.

NEW LONDON, CONN., December 4.—The woodwork in the Cook's galley of the big steel steam yacht Narada, belonging to Henry Walters of the New York Yacht Club, and now lying in Shaw's Cove, caught fire shortly after noon to-day, and spread consternation among the crew. Dense volumes of smoke filled the lower decks and poured out, creating the impression that the yacht was honeycombed with smouldering fire.

For a time the crew was in a panic, but order was soon restored, and a bucket brigade was formed. The crew, assisted by a number of citizens who were rowed out to the yacht, had the fire under control after half an hour's hard work. The damage by fire was slight, but some of the fine furnishings of the yacht were ruined by smoke and water.

The Narada is still in commission, and has a full crew aboard. She put in here several weeks ago to fit up and provision for a cruise to the West Indies. The yacht will start upon her voyage about Dec 15. Repairs made necessary by the fire will begin at once.

WARM WIRELETS

President McKinley left Washington last night to return to the bedside of his mother at Canton.

Gov. Atkinson has decided to veto the now famous anti-football bill, and is preparing a statement to be sent to the Georgia Legislature explaining why he decided to withold his approval.

Fire Sunday last destroyed the acid chambers at the Reed phosphate works, a few miles from Charleston, S. C. The origin of the fire is unknown. Loss, about $60,000, which is covered by insurance.

Mr. Pearson, North Carolina, introduced a bill in the House yesterday to repeal the act to regulate and improve the civil service; also, to require banks to furnish the treasury a list of shares and holders, and to require publication of ransfers of bank stock.

RHEUMATISM is due to lactic acid in the blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla neutralizes the acid and completely cures the aches and pains of rheumatism. Be sure to get Hood's.

HOOD'S PILLS are easy to take, easy to operate. Cure indigestion, biliousness. 25 cents. †

A report to the House from the Secretary of War on the proposed enlargement of the harbor of Cape Lookout, N C., to shelter the largest vessels, estimates the cost of the breakwater and engineering work at $8,700 000.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

SENATE AND HOUSE.

FIRST REGULAR SESSION OF THE FIFTY-FIFTH CONGRESS

No Unusual Incident—The President's Message Was Read and both Houses Adjourned for the Day.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, December 6.—At noon to-day the first regular session of the Fifty-fifth Congress was launched upon the unknown seas of legislation.

No unusual incident marked the opening of the House. The formalities attending the inauguration of the session are dry, and except as a spectacle hardly repaid the crowds which thronged the public and private galleries. Yet with few exceptions the visitors sat through the entire proceedings.

At fifteen minutes before noon the floor was cleared of all persons except members and officers. Soon afterward, Mr. Bailey, of Texas, the leader of the minority, and "silver dollar" Bland, of Missouri, entered the hall together. Mr. Dingley, the floor leader of the House, smiling and affable as ever, came in just before the Speaker appeared. He had difficulty in making his way to his seat, owing to the pressure of those who desired to extend their greetings. As the hands of the clock pointed to the hour of twelve, Speaker Reed, attired in a black cutaway coat and wearing a red tie, pushed his way through the green baize doors from the lobby and ascended the rostrum.

The Speaker directed the clerk to call the roll.

The roll call showed the presence of 801 members. There were five vacancies from death or resignation during the recess, and the credentials of the members elect were read by the direction of the Speaker, who then administered the oath of office to them.

On motion of Mr. Hopkins of Illinois, Republican, the clerk was directed to notify the Senate that the House was ready for business, and on motion of Mr. Dingley, a resolution was adopted for the appointment of a committee of three to join the committee of the Senate to wait on the President and inform him that Congress was ready to receive any communication he desired to make. The Speaker selected Messrs. Dingley, of Maine; Grosvenor, of Ohio, and Bailey, of Texas, for this honor.

The House reconvened at 1 40, when the committee appointed to wait on the President came down the center aisle, and Mr. Dingley reported that the committee had performed its mission.

"The President," said he, "was pleased to send to the two houses, his respectful salutations and to inform them he would communicate in writing."

Mr. Pruden, who had followed the committee into the hall, immediately presented the message of the President, which, by the direction of Speaker Reed, was read at the clerk's desk.

The message was listened to with great earnestness, especially the portions dealing with the question of revising our currency legislation and with our attitude toward Cuba.

The President's utterances on both subjects seemed to impress the members deeply, but there was no demonstration of any kind until the conclusion, when the Republicans joined in a sharp round of applause.

On motion of Mr. Dingley, the message was referred to the Committee of the Whole and ordered printed.

Mr. Lawrence of Massachusetts, Republican, then officially announced the death of his predecessor, the late Representative Wright; and Mr. Allen of Mississippi, Democrat, the death of Senator George. Out of respect to their memories the House then, at 3.05 p. m., adjourned until to-morrow.

Precisely at 12 o'clock the gavel of Vice President Hobart fell and the Senate was called to order.

Seventy seven Senators responded to their names on the roll call.

The venerable Mr. Morrill, of Vermont, was first recognized by the Vice President. He offered a resolution, which passed in the usual form, that the secretary inform the House that the Senate was in session and is ready to proceed to business.

Mr. Allison, of Iowa, presented a resolution that a committee of two Senators be appointed to join a like committee from the House to inform the President that Congress was in session and prepared to receive any communication which he might desire to make to it. The resolution was passed, and the Vice President named Senators Allison and Gorman as the Senate committee.

By resolution of Mr. Cullom, of Illinois, the time of daily meetings of the Senate was fixed at 12 o'clock noon.

A recess was then taken.

At 1 30 Mr. Allison reported that the two committees had waited upon the President, who informed them that he would immediately communicate with Congress in writing, and he expressed the hope that the deliberations of Congress might result in great good to the country and reflect honor upon itself.

The President's message was presented by Mr. Pruden, the President's assistant secretary, and was at 1.35 laid before the Senate and read.

Senators gave the closest attention to the reading of the message, a majority of them following it from the printed copies with which they had been supplied.

That part of the message which dealt with the Cuban question and outlined the policy of the administration with reference to that question was listened to with particular interest.

SENATE.

The attendance upon the session of the Senate, both on the floor and in the galleries, was notably large, despite the understood fact that little business beyond the presentation of the President's message and the proceedings incident thereto would be transacted.

The reading of the message was concluded at 2 50.

Mr. Walthall, of Mississippi, was recognized and announced the death of his colleague, Hon. C. Z. George, of Mississippi, after a lingering illness. Mr. Walthall presented the usual resolution of condoleuce with the family of the deceased Senator.

The resolution was adopted and as a further mark of respect the Senate adjourned until to-morrow.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents tf

A Short Cut.

"Mr. Priggs is a very ordinary sort of man," remarked the candid observer.

"Undoubtedly," replied Senator Sorghum.

"While Mr. Diggs is exceptionally brainy."

"I believe so."

"And yet Priggs has succeeded and Diggs has failed. How do you account for it?"

"Easily enough," replied Senator Sorghum. "Diggs put in his time trying to learn more than other people, while Priggs devoted himself to convincing them that he already knew it."—Washington Star.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

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For Sale—Cottage on Wrightsville Beach, south of and adjoining Caroli a Yacht Club House. A. M. Waddell, Jr. dec 5 3t*

Board—Good private board with or without lodging at 112 Grace street, near Front. dec 5 1t

For best prices and prompt returns ship your Country Produce to M C. Benson, 106 Dock street. Beef Cattle, Milch Cows and Pork a specialty dec 1 1f

Removed—I have removed my office from 212 Princess street (between Second and Third streets), to Market street between Second and Third streets, office formerly occupied by Dr. F. H. Russell. Wm. Sheehan, Jr., Real Estate, Renting and Collecting Agent. dec 1 4t

Where can I ship country produce to the best advantage is a question that is puzzling you. Settle it by shipping to L. Tate Bowden, 6 Princess street. Careful handling and prompt returns. Eggs for the city trade. no 30 tf

Country Merchants—You will find it to your interest to ship your Produce, Poultry, Eggs, etc., to H. J Bierman, Produce Commission Merchant, 106 South Front street, Wilmington, N. C. nov 28 tf

As a special the Atlantic Tea Co will sell this week the best Old Government Java for 30c. and the best Laguayra Coffees for 22c per pound. Call and see them at 618 North Fourth street. nov 28 tf

Wanted—By Old Established House—High Grade Woman, good Church standing, willing to learn our business then to act as Manager and State Correspondent here. Salary $900. Enclose self addressed stamped envelope to A. T. Elder, General Manager, care DAILY STAR. no 26 3t

Hayden, F. Sts., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. no 25 tf

In case you need Bananas, Fine Peaches, Malaga and Catawba Grapes, don't hesitate a moment as to where they can be bought to best advantage. Go to Andrew Mavroidchols', 705 North Fourth street. Bell 'Phone 345; Inter-State 191. nov 14 tf

Hed that Suit made yet, neighbor? No! Well, call to see me and get some figures. Don't think of buying until you have seen the large and complete stock of E. Poesolt & Bro., No. 8 South Front street. nov 14 tf

Wanted at once—A position as governess to small children, or as mother's aid Companion to an infirm or elderly lady. Terms moderate. References good Address, S. A. G., Carrier 5, Wilmington, N. C. oc 31 tf

Coats you nothing to see the Maxim light. Cheaper and better than the Welsbach or Sunlight. What more do you want? Wilmington Iron Works sell it. nov 10 1m

Merchants—Wholesale and country merchants save time and money by letting me parch your Peanuts. New process by which large quantities can be roasted at one time Samples sent if required. A. E. Blake, Wilmington, N. C nov 7 tf

Photographs—For finest quality, latest styles, best material, finest finish, lowest prices, call on U. C Ellis, 114 Market street, Wilmington, N. C. Cloudy weather makes no difference. oc 29 tf

W. V. Hardin, corner Second and Princess streets, fine Wines, Liquors, Cigars and Tobacco. New River Oysters in any style Polite and attentive clerks. Satisfaction guaranteed. oc 14 tf

Always Reliable—The best and freshest goods at lowest market prices. Cabbage, Apples, Butter, Bananas, Crackers, Candies, Lemons, Potatoes, etc. Retailers will find it to their advantage to ask my prices before placing their order. A. S. Winstead, 115 Second street. Phone 208. sep 21 tf

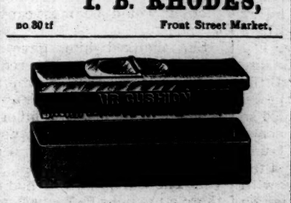
Hay—Timothy Hay, mixed Clover Hay, Prairie Hay, Straw Grain and all kinds of mixed feed for horses and cattle. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market St. Telephone 98 mar 13 tf

"EVERY DOG HAS HIS DAY"

and the turkey has just had his. A good, juicy slice of our prime roast beef, a choice leg, saddle or loin of mutton or lamb, or any of our roasts, steaks, chops or appetizing hams will taste good after Thanksgiving. We will supply your table with the best meats to be found for love or money in Wilmington.

I. B. RHODES,

no 30 tf Front Street Market.



A Dating Stamp for 30c

(Former price 50 cents.)

All other Rubber Stamp goods in proportion.

Get a set of our Signs and Price Markers, they make beautiful signs.

Stamp Pads, all colors and sizes.

Catalogues of Price Markers and solid Rubber Type now ready. Sent for the asking.

Get our prices on printing. We can save you money.

Wilmington Stamp Works.

BAGLEY & FULFORD, Proprie'rs,

Wilmington, N. C.

Bell Phone 240. de 2 tf

A CARD.

NOVEMBER 2ND, 1897.

MESSRS. MERCER & EVANS, City.

GENTS:—I am more than pleased with the Nice Watch given me by your enterprising firm. I find it to be an excellent time keeper. Besides being well pleased with your nice and valuable present, I am well satisfied with the Shoes I have bought from you for myself and friends, and I cheerfully recommend you to my friends and the public in general, especially to those needing and intending to buy anything in your line. Yours very truly,

(Signed) W. J. MERRIDITH.

The time for delivering the three presents is postponed till January 31, 1898.

A Nice Watch, a Fine Pair of Opera Glasses, and a real Leather Traveling Case, 21 in. x 13½ in. x 6½ in.

Look in Our Window.

MERCER & EVANS,

dec 5 tf

Hamme, The Hatter,

THE OLD RELIABLE. IN THE LEAD with Hats, Caps and Umbrellas. Latest Styles and Lowest Prices. Don't forget him.

dec 5 tf 26 North Front Street.

A. D. BROWN,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK,

No. 29 North Front St.

"ONE PRICE TO ALL" has been our motto since 1865, and we attribute our success to the unswerving adherance to it. We will not break price for any one Some times we have goods that stay too long with us and then we cut the price and offer them to every one at GREAT SACRIFICE.

A Few Specialties.

Crash Towelling worth 5 cents at 3 cents per yard.
Novelty Dress Goods worth 50 cents at 40 cents per yard.
Drap Ete Dress Goods worth $1.25 at $1.00 per yard.
New line Percales at 12½ cents per yard.

Christmas Goods.

Dolls, Dolls, Dolls, Bric a-Brac, Neckwear, Ladies' and Gents' Kid Gloves, Parasols and Umbrellas Call and see our line.

This Week

Gentlemen's heavy Grey Underwear worth $1 50, only 98c each.
Gentlemen's All Wool (light weight) Underwear in Ecru worth $1 25, only 98c each.
Ladies' light weight Vests and Pants, only 98c each.
Ladies' non shrinking Vests and Pants, Grey, only 98c each.
A good Cotton Carpet, yard wide, for 25 cents per yard,
Union Carpeting 35 cents per yard.
A good Brussels Carpet for 55 cents per yard. no 27 tf

J. A. SPRINGER & CO

IF YOU WANT GOOD COAL,

If you want clean well prepared Coal.

If you want first-class service.

If you want to buy fuel of a concern that always tries to please.

If you want to trade with dealers who appreciate your business.

If you want to deal with a firm that always has the goods on hand.

If you want straight goods at straight prices and be treated right on four sides, then send your orders to the old stand.

J A Springer & Co

no 14 tf

DISPLAY OF HOLIDAY GOODS AT

The C. W. Polvogt Co.

DOLLS.
CELLULOID GOODS.
FANCY CROCKERY.
CARPETS AND RUGS.
LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S WRAPS.

- In Wax, Washable Cloth, Indestructable, Dressed and undressed, 25c to $3.00.
- Collar and Cuff Boxes, Handkerchief Boxes, Jewelry Boxes, Necktie Boxes, Powder Boxes.
- Cologne Bottles, Vases, Ice Cream Sets, Sugar Dishes, Tete a Tete Sets, Tea Pots, Jewel Boxes, Ornaments.
- Full assortment of Moquet Velvet, Brussels and Ingrain Carpets made and laid, Rugs in Moquet, Brussels and Smyrna. Do not purchase an Art Square until you see our line.
- Plush, Cloth and Astracan Capes. Jackets in Cloth and Astracan, all new styles. Children's Jackets and Infants' Long Cloaks.

Remember that all our Wraps are NEW!

Wear W. B. CORSETS and use Standard Patterns. We are sole agents for them both.

Write for samples and Fashion Sheets. nov 28 tf

FOR YOUR THANKSGIVING DINNER!

Good Coal and a well roasted turkey are inseparable. You get your turkey and order the high grade, well screened BANNER or CALEDONIA COAL from our yard, and we will guarantee that if he is as tuff a gobbler as ever strutted through a barn yard Banner or Caledonia Coal will bake him tender. For sale by

Wm. E. Worth & Co.

Bell Telephones 64 and 94. Inter-State 146.

Campbell and Second street, Dock between Front and Water. no 21 tf

Cold Weather Novelties.

Blankets and Comforts.

Double Blankets	45c and up
Extra Heavy Gray Blankets	98c
Wool Blankets	$1.25, 1.75 and 2.10
All Wool $3.00 Blankets	$2.75
$6.5 Blankets, our price	$4.98
Comforters	39, 45, 75 and 98c
$2.00 Grade only	$1.48
$5.00 Down Comforters	$3.50

Capes and Cloaks.

Capes with Braid	75c
Better quality	75 and 98c
Double Capes with Braid and Fur Trimmings	
Our Price	$1.10
Astragan and Plush Capes	$2.50
$5.00 Capes latest st les	$3 50
$10 00 Capes, our price	$6 50

Overcoats and Suits.

Men's Overcoats	$1.75
Black Cheviot Overcoats	$2.75
$8 00 Vesta Cellar Coats	$3.00
$12.50 Overcoat	$8.50
All Wool Business Suits	$3.00
$1 50 Boys' Suits	$1.00
$2.00 Suits, our price	$1.48

Underwear.

Heavy Undershirts	7c
Extra Heavy Undershirts	9c
Fleeced Lined Undershirts	10c
$1.00 quality Red and Gray Flannel Underwear	75c
Ladies' Undervests	15 and 19c
Fine quality	50c
Children's Vests	10c and upwards.

Dry Bargains in Cloaks—Infants' C